

# The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

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No. 31

## UNITED STATES FACING CRISIS

GERMANY LAUNCHES POLICY OF  
UNRESTRICTED SUBMARINE  
WAR TO STARVE ENEMY.

## PEACE FOR PEACE FADE

Diplomatic Relations Between Amer-  
ica And Teutons May Be  
Severed.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Germany  
has declared unrestricted submarine  
warfare.

A starvation blockade of England,  
the like of which the world never  
has seen, was announced to the world  
to-day in notes delivered to Ameri-  
can Ambassador Gerard in Berlin and  
to the State Department here by  
Count von Bernstorff.

Thus begins the long-ferred cam-  
paign of ruthlessness, conceived by  
Von Hindenburg, it is said here, on  
a magnitude never even contemplated  
by Von Tirpitz.

### Severance of Relations.

Again the United States faces se-  
verance of diplomatic relations with  
Germany with all eventual possi-  
bilities. President Wilson's repeated  
warnings of "a world a-fire" and  
Secretary Lansing's "verge of war"  
statement are being recalled in the  
capital to-night with feelings of ap-  
prehension and misgiving.

Germany's action is the super-cris-  
is of all those that have stirred the  
American Government in two and a  
half years of world war.

Talk of peace and means of pre-  
serving the peace of the world has  
gone glimmering. President Wil-  
son, incredulous at first when the un-  
official text of Germany's warning  
was brought to him, at once called  
for the official document which had  
just been presented to Secretary Lan-  
sing by the German Ambassador.  
Mr. Lansing absolutely refused to  
make any comment. President Wilson  
began at once a careful study of the  
document.

### No Action Yet.

President Wilson went to bed at  
11 o'clock to-night after spending  
the evening alone in his study with  
a copy of the German note. This  
apparently disposed of suggestions  
that some action might be taken be-  
fore morning.

The President saw no callers, but  
is understood to have used the tele-  
phone freely. As far as could be  
learned no plans have been laid for  
him to go before Congress, as he did  
to announce the sending of the Sus-  
sex note threatening to break off di-  
plomatic relations.

The President has the task of de-  
ciding what shall be the course of  
the United States. Three imme-  
diate steps appear among the possi-  
bilities. The United States might  
solemnly warn Germany against a  
violation of her pledges; it might be  
decided that the German warning is  
sufficient notice of an intention to  
disregard those pledges and a suf-  
ficient warrant for breaking off di-  
plomatic relations; it might be de-  
cided to await the results of the blockade  
and determine the course of the  
United States as the actual operations  
develop.

### Confession of Weakness.

On almost every side Germany's  
drastic action is interpreted as an  
open confession of the effectiveness  
of the British food blockade. It is  
regarded as a determination to strike  
back in kind. German officials in  
the United States estimate the food  
supply on the British Isles will last  
a month.

Admittedly, the plan is to carry  
starvation to the doors of England  
with swift, staggering strokes, as a  
fulfillment of Germany's announced  
determination to use every weapon  
and agency at her command to end  
the war quickly. She counts on the  
operations of an unheard of number  
of submarines to deliver blows to  
bring England to her knees within  
sixty days. One German official here  
predicted to-day the war would be  
over in a month.

Conveyed to the world as her an-  
swer to the refusal of the Entente  
Allies to talk peace, Germany's lat-  
est warning says:

"From February 1, 1917, within  
barred zones around Great Britain,  
France, Italy and in the Eastern

Mediterranean \* \* \* all sea  
traffic forthwith will be opposed."

### \$29,000 A YEAR SPENT ON YOUNG JOHN JACOB ASTOR

New York, Jan. 30.—Approximate-  
ly \$29,000 a year was expended from  
November 13, 1912, to December 31,  
1915, for the support and  
maintenance of John Jacob Astor,  
the 4-year-old son of the late Colonel  
John Jacob Astor, who lost his life  
in the Titanic disaster, according to  
an accounting filed here to-day by  
the child's mother, now Mrs. Wil-  
liam K. Dick.

Clothes and toys cost \$5,750;  
physicians' services, \$6,525; at-  
torney's fees, \$4,600; income tax,  
\$2,720, while Mrs. Dick said the  
baby's share of keeping up the Astor  
residence on Fifth avenue amounted  
to the balance. The Fifth avenue  
home was vacated when the mother  
became Mrs. Dick, thereby surren-  
dering her interest in the property  
and a trust fund worth several mil-  
lion dollars. This was in accordance  
with Colonel Astor's will. The ba-  
by, under the will, was left an estate  
of \$3,000,000.

Mrs. Dick enumerated the toys  
purchased for the amusement of her  
son. As the child grew older, the  
vouchers showed, his toys grew in  
size and importance.

### OFFICERS TOLD TO EXPECT NO MERCY FROM U-BOATS

New York, Jan. 30.—When the  
Cunard line steamer Carmania ar-  
rived Monday from Liverpool the  
following notice posted conspicu-  
ously at the foot of the main com-  
panionway was observed:

"Submarine alarm: Signal on  
ship's whistle—two long and two  
short blasts. Ship is being chased  
or in danger of gunfire.

"Passengers will go to boats with  
life belts on.

"Seamen told off for gun's crew  
will go to stations. Remainder will  
prepare the boats for lowering.

"Firemen and trimmers will  
double up the watches in stoke  
holds and engine room and false all  
being kept closed.

"Remainder of men will go to  
their boat stations or put out fires  
when they occur.

"Surgeon will see that all sick are  
removed.

"Safety of all depends upon the  
strict observance of these rules.

"By order.

"Commander."

Passengers on board the Carmania  
said they had learned that the Brit-  
ish Admiralty had informed the of-  
ficers of the vessel that they need ex-  
pect no mercy from enemy subma-  
rines and that safety depended on  
successful defense and flight. The  
Carmania carries a six-inch gun, ca-  
pable, it is said, of sending solid shot  
for several miles and can also dis-  
charge the new type shrapnel shell  
invented by ordnance experts for de-  
fense against submarines.

The four-masted auxiliary French  
bark Que Villy, arriving Monday  
from Marseilles and Brest, exhibited  
a three-inch machine gun on deck.  
The Que Villy is said to be the first  
sailing vessel to enter New York  
harbor armed.

### Coal Miners Strike.

Whitesburg, Ky., Jan. 30.—Fifty  
miners in the plant of the Elkhorn  
Coal Company at Kona Station, this  
county, walked out on a strike this  
morning demanding higher wages.  
The men held a meeting Sunday in  
which they agreed to strike to-day.  
This morning their plans were car-  
ried out. It is said the coal com-  
pany will not agree to their wishes.  
This is the first strike among miners  
in the history of the Elkhorn coal  
fields.

### FORMER HERALD EDITOR TAKING "REAL" VACATION

Washington, Jan. 29.—Frank L.  
Felix, who was editor and part own-  
er of the Hartford Herald for more  
than thirty years, arrived in Wash-  
ington to-day on the first real vaca-  
tion he has taken in many years. Mr.  
Felix was shown about the Capitol  
by his son, Douglas Felix, who is as-  
sistant clerk of the House District  
of Columbia Committee, of which  
Representative Ben Johnson is chair-  
man. Mr. Felix recently disposed  
of his interests in the Hartford Her-  
ald and intends to spend several  
months in Florida. He stopped here  
on his way to Boston, where he will  
visit his daughter.—Louisville Cou-  
rier-Journal.

## A SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.



—Kirby in New York World.

## PLOT TO MURDER HIGH OFFICIALS

ENGLAND STIRRED AT DISCOV-  
ERY OF CONSPIRACY TO KILL  
LLOYD-GEORGE.

## POISONING WAS PLANNED

Three Suffragettes And One Man Are  
Arrested—Trial Will Likely Be  
Held Saturday.

Derby, Jan. 31.—Four persons  
were arraigned quietly in the police  
court at the Derby guildhall this  
morning, charged with plotting the  
murder of Premier Lloyd George and  
Arthur Henderson, the Premier's  
right hand man in the War Council.  
The accused persons indignantly de-  
nied the charges, declaring they had  
been trumped up as punishment for  
their conscientious objections to com-  
pulsory military service.

Proceedings at the Guildhall, over  
which the Mayor presided, were  
merely of a formal nature. No de-  
tails of the charges or evidence were  
divulged, although gossip has been  
busy with rumors of various details  
since the news of the arrest was re-  
ceived late yesterday. The accused  
persons, who are well known here,  
are Mrs. Alice Wheeldon, her two  
daughters, Miss Ann Wheeldon, and  
Mrs. Alfred George Mason, and the  
latter's husband. Two of the wom-  
en are school teachers.

### No Formal Defense.

The prisoners made no formal de-  
fense move at to-day's hearing,  
merely pleading not guilty. They  
did not demand release on bail, ap-  
parently realizing that the charges  
were too serious for consideration  
by the court of such a request. They  
were returned to their cells. Owing  
to lack of accommodation here for  
such important prisoners they will  
be taken to Birmingham jail to await  
resumption of the case next Satur-  
day.

For the man in street the case was  
a great sensation, particularly as  
the accused persons belonged to two  
classes against which there is much  
feeling—suffragettes and conscien-  
tious objectors.

### Precautions Are Taken.

Ample precautions were taken  
here to protect the prisoners and the  
conservative British law, circumscrib-  
ing matter which the newspapers  
may print in advance of court pro-  
ceedings, insures against any efforts  
in the press to arouse feeling against  
them. Police witnesses to-day de-  
scribed in a cut and dried manner  
the arrest of the accused.

### Marriage License.

Jim Galloway, Centertown, to Ar-  
dents Rowe, Centertown.  
Logan Bradley, Hartford, to Vera  
Wallace, Centertown.

## IMMENSE SUM IN NEW NAVAL BILL

CARRIES NEARLY \$40,000,000 OV-  
ER LAST YEAR—\$351,000,000  
TO BE SPENT THIS YEAR.

## ARMY BILL NOT READY

but Will Call For Over \$300,000,  
000—Universal Training Meas-  
ure Before Senate Com.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The Admi-  
stration's \$800,000,000 defense bud-  
get began to take final shape in Con-  
gress to-day when the House passed  
the Fortifications Bill carrying a  
total of more than \$51,000,000 for  
coast defense, and the House Naval  
Committee completed its 1918 Na-  
val Appropriation Bill with a total  
of more than \$351,000,000.

The Army Appropriation Bill, the  
third element of the programme, still  
is in the House Military Committee,  
which is expected to complete it  
next week. Estimates for the army  
reach a total of more than \$360,000,  
000, exclusive of numerous deficiency  
measures resulting from the border  
mobilization and the rising cost of  
war materials.

The only other military legislation  
pending is the Universal Military  
Training Bill before a Senate sub-  
committee, which will conclude its  
hearings this week, when Maj. Gen.  
Scott and Wood are to be recalled for  
cross-examination by Senator Blair-  
lee, of Maryland, on their previous  
statements that federalization of the  
National Guard has proved a failure.  
It is not expected that Congress will  
take any action on the Universal  
Training Bill at this session.

### Three Battleships.

The Navy Bill carries a total of  
\$351,433,245, as against \$313,000,  
000 last year. It provides for the  
construction of three 42,000-ton bat-  
tleships at a total cost of \$28,178,-  
592 each; one battle cruiser at a  
cost of \$26,694,496; three scout  
cruisers at \$6,746,145 each; fifteen  
destroyers at \$1,748,612 each; one  
destroyer-tender at \$2,808,000; one  
submarine-tender at \$2,199,400, and  
eighteen 800-ton type submarines at  
\$1,434,093 each. The programme is  
that recommended by the department  
and represents one-half of the re-  
maining portion of the three-year  
programme approved last year.

The committee departed from the  
department's recommendations only  
in the type of submarines provided  
for. No small coast defense subma-  
rines are authorized, the committee  
having decided against the small 400  
to 600-ton type of boat, such as those  
now in service.

### \$12,000,000 For Navy Yards.

Taking up the problem of getting  
under construction the four battle  
cruisers authorized last year, the  
committee raised the limit of cost for  
hull and machinery to \$19,000,  
000 from \$16,500,000. Department  
officials believe all four vessels can  
be placed with private bidders at

that figure. The committee also  
heeded, however, Secretary Daniels'  
recommendations that navy yards be  
fitted to build large numbers of cap-  
ital ships, authorizing the expendi-  
ture of an additional \$12,000,000  
for that purpose in the event the de-  
partment is unable to make satisfac-  
tory contracts for any vessel in the  
present bill or left over from the  
preceding measure. This would make  
available a total of \$18,000,000 for  
equipping navy yards.

For the three scout cruisers still  
awaiting satisfactory bids the com-  
mittee raised the cost for hull and  
machinery to \$6,000,000 from \$5,-  
000,000. One vessel was ordered  
from the Seattle Construction Com-  
pany some months ago at the lower  
figure, but no other bids were receiv-  
ed.

Another new provision of the bill  
raises the number of appointments  
annually at Annapolis to be made  
from the enlisted personnel of the  
navy from twenty-five to 100. Ap-  
pointments may be made whenever  
vacancies occur.

The new battle ships will be the  
most powerful war vessels ever built.  
They will have a speed of twenty-  
three knots an hour and carry main  
batteries of twelve sixteen-inch guns  
each, instead of the eight sixteen-inch  
guns on the four authorized last  
year.

### FORCED TO ENGAGE IN LABOR FOR GERMANS

Paris, Jan. 27.—Seven hundred  
thousand inhabitants of the invaded  
regions in the North of France are  
engaged in forced labor for the  
Germans, according to M. Dibude-  
ville, mayor of the town of Corchy,  
who has just arrived from the oc-  
cupied region at Evian.

The mayor's estimate, he says, is  
based upon careful, serious calcu-  
lation, taking as a basis the number  
of inhabitants personally known by  
him as having been taken from the  
communes in his region. Three hun-  
dred out of the 900 inhabitants of  
the village of Esmerly-Hallon, he  
declares, have been obliged to serve  
the German occupying force, the  
recalcitrants being either imprison-  
ed or exiled to Germany.

No distinctions are made as to  
age or sex in the choice of forcibly  
enrolled laborers, M. Dibudeville  
says.

### \$5,000 PAID TO CAPTAIN FOR SINKING SUBMARINE

Boston, Jan. 30.—A reward of \$5,-  
000 for sinking a German submarine  
in the Bay of Biscay some months  
ago, has been paid by the British Ad-  
miralty to Capt. W. R. Miller, of the  
British freighter, Clan Robertson, in  
port here from Liverpool, it became  
known today. At the time of the  
encounter, Capt. Miller was in com-  
mand of the British steamer Clan  
MacFayden, bound from India for  
London. As the submarine approach-  
ed and appeared to make an attack,  
the steamer let loose with a gun  
mounted on her forward deck.

Investigation of Capt. Miller's re-  
port by Admiralty officials satisfied  
them it was said that the steamer had  
destroyed an enemy craft and the  
standing reward for a scalp at sea  
was paid.

### WILL THIS HAVE ANY EFFECT ON LOCAL CANDIDATES

Elkins, W. Va., Jan. 31.—After  
beating Jailer James N. Shreve into  
insensibility and dragging him into  
their cell, four prisoners, inmates of  
the Randolph county jail here made  
their way to liberty late last night.

After a chase of several blocks  
during which several shots were fired  
by a posse at the fleeing men, two  
of the prisoners, Clinton Webb and  
Wayne Heatherly, were captured.  
The Sheriff and the posse are still  
searching for Howard Kisner and  
Jennings Wees. Heavy knobs from  
toilet fixtures and pieces of a broom  
handle were the weapons used by  
the men in making good their es-  
cape.

### McKINLEY DAY OBSERVED AT NATION'S CAPITAL

Washington, Jan. 29.—Official  
Washington to-day wore carnation  
blossoms in honor of the seventy-  
fourth anniversary of the birth of  
the late President McKinley.

The Ohio society of Washington  
arranged a reception to-night, with  
Secretary of War Baker and Asso-  
ciate Justice Clark, of the Supreme  
Court, as guests of honor.

## WOOD DECLARES GUARD FAILURE

TELLS SENATE SUB-COMMITTEE  
THAT MILITIA SYSTEM IS VI-  
CIOUS AND INDEFENSIBLE.

## ARE NOT REAL SOLDIERS

Points to Recruiting Reform School  
Boys in Kentucky As An  
Example.

Washington, Jan. 31.—That ef-  
forts were made to use forty-eight  
convicts to fill companies of one of  
the regiments of the Kentucky Na-  
tional Guard in the mobilization last  
summer, was stated to-day by Maj.  
Gen. Leonard Wood in his testimo-  
ny before the Senate Sub-committee  
on Universal Military Service.

Gen. Wood's serious charge against  
the Kentucky National Guard was  
given as an illustration of the diffi-  
culties of recruiting the companies  
to their required strength.

He did not say which of the three  
regiments the alleged effort to fill  
the companies to required strength  
had been made.

"Fortunately we discovered it in  
time and ordered the convicts dis-  
charged," he said.

Kentucky is a part of the Depart-  
ment of the East of which Gen.  
Wood is commander.

Gen. Wood declared the militia  
system to be "vicious and indefen-  
sible," and he gave as his opinion  
that Gen. Hugh L. Scott, the chief  
of Staff of the Army, holds the same  
view.

### Return Sadder, But Wiser.

"The National Guard of the coun-  
try is coming home, not with its pa-  
triotic ardor dampened, but sadder  
and wiser," said Gen. Wood. "It has  
learned the folly of the system. It  
had been dragged by praise and mis-  
led by false statements and led to  
believe that it could render effective  
service. Now the guard realizes the  
country can depend no longer upon a  
broken reed. It knows that its mem-  
bers were not soldiers, that they were  
ignorant of their jobs and that it  
would have been murder to send  
them against reasonably good  
troops."

Gen. Wood, questioned by Senator  
Blair Lee, reasserted his opinion that  
the National Guard system was a  
"vicious and indefensible military  
system," but admitted he included  
in the word "system" much of the War  
Department's share in the mobiliza-  
tion.

The Government arsenals' method  
of equipping State troops had com-  
pletely broken down within ten days  
after the call was made, Gen. Wood  
said. This was not the main fault,  
he declared, for even had supplies  
been ready, the men would have been  
untrained. The officer could see no  
hope that an effective force ever  
could be built up under exclusive  
Federal control, divorced  
wholly from the State Governments.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 31.—"Gen.  
Wood is unfortunate in his choice of  
words," said Adj. Gen. J. Tandy  
Ellis to-day when attention was called  
to the department commander's  
reference to "convict recruits" in  
the Kentucky National Guard. "Ap-  
parently he refers to the volunteer-  
ing of some eighteen or twenty boys  
from the House of Reform for Boys  
at Greendale. The lads were chosen  
because of their good record and  
recommended by the Prison Board.  
They were energetic, dutiful and hon-  
est boys and in no sense criminals.  
They had the making of good sol-  
diers and were well liked. The de-  
partment saw fit, however, to reject  
them."

### SAN DIEGO RADIO STATION TALKS WITH AUSTRIANS

San Diego, Cal., Jan. 29.—The  
new naval radio station at Chollas  
Heights, near here, which was for-  
mally opened Friday, gave a dem-  
onstration of its power today when  
the operators on duty talked with  
the Arlington, Va., station; Dar-  
ien, Panama; Nome, Alaska and Hon-  
olulu; overheard French operators  
on the Island of Papeete South Pa-  
cific, and concluded by exchanging  
the time of day with operators at a  
radio station near Melbourne, Aus-  
tralia.



## NO THRILLS FOR VETERAN FLIERS

BRITISH OFFICER SAYS MOTORCYCLING MORE EXCITING THAN AEROPLANING.

## LUNCH EATEN IN AIR

Speed of 140 Miles An Hour Required of Scouts With The English Army.

With the British Armies in France, Jan. 15.—It's exciting at times, but generally speaking it's rather less sport than a motorcycle," says a "wing" subaltern of the British Flying Corps. He chatted while tinkering with his machine—one of the latest types in a war that is changing and developing the aeroplane almost from hour to hour. There were marvels of the air two years ago that have no more relation to the machines of to-day than the clumsy attempts of a barnyard to the flight of a swallow. An aerial scout that can not register in the neighborhood of 140 miles an hour can not be classed as truly modern. This speed is called for in "level" air not in running "down hill" or in diving out of a loop. You may attain 180 miles an hour doing that.

"Oh, yes, the fighting's fun," resumed the subaltern. "but you can't always induce the Germans to come up and have a go. They prefer most of the time to stop on the ground and set 'archies' on you with their noisy shrapnel shells. It's when you go paddling thru the air on patrol duty for four or five hours and nothing happens that flying becomes monotonous. In spite of the almost unbelievable speed at which you go you have no sense of speed whatever—nothing like the thrill of forty or fifty miles an hour in a motor with the trees whizzing by and a bumpy road beneath you.

"Sometimes the air is bumpy, too, and that's good sport. To collide with an air bump is almost like hitting a big rock in the road. They generally lurk near a cloud bank and give you an awful jolt when you least expect it. On dull days when the air is smooth you can get a little practice and excitement by throwing her about a bit, for when you get to close quarters in a fight you need all the stunts she'll do. In the air one doesn't even get the sensation of the wind that you get on the ground. When you are running ninety or a hundred miles an hour a little wind more or less makes no impression upon you."

**Wind No Handicap.**  
Which latter fact may account for the absolute contempt in which the modern army fliers loop up the mightiest blast old Boreas can blow. It was not so long ago that a ten-mile breeze would upset all flying plans for a day; now nothing short of a hurricane can deter the intrepid aviators of the Allies. They laugh at a gale and can almost take a nap while comfortably riding a thirty-mile wind. The real enemy elements are low clouds and ground mists. They have little relation to personal safety, but they interfere seriously with a wide range of useful work.

After a few more earnest remarks on the monotony of patrol work in smooth air—which he likened to driving a motor truck along a cement road in a desert—the subaltern climbed into the "cabin" of his machine a wasp-like creature, with the imprisoned power of 100 horses throbbing in its wonderful engine.

Its guns were attached unobtrusively to the frame work, and synchronized where necessary to shoot thru the blades of the fast whirling propeller in front.

The "cabin" of a modern aeroplane suggests the pilot house of a palatial yacht in miniature. Everything is finished in hardwood and there are polished nickel instruments to indicate speed, height, angle and everything an aviator ought to know. There are ingenious sights for bomb dropping, and a little device to tell that the bombs have been properly released in turn and are hurrying on their way to the objective selected for attack.

When he is tucked away, only the pilot's head is visible above the fuselage. Directly in front of him is a tiny little half moon of a windshield.

"You can tower that in summer-time and get more air," grinned the aviator.

"But what about freezing in the winter-time?" was suggested.

"Oh," he replied, "that all depends upon the machine. This little scout, for instance, with the engine in front of you as warm as toast oven, when you are 15,000 feet up and the mercury has long dropped below zero, you get all the warmth of the ex-

haust and can stay up indefinitely. The plane with the propeller and engine in front is a tractor. The 'pusher' has engine and propeller in the rear. In one of those you get the full effect of the cold and you just naturally freeze, that's all."

**Eat While Flying.**  
The control of the fighting aeroplane has been reduced to the simplicity of a single lever, known in the profession as the "joy stick." By moving this stick a few inches one way or another and with occasional at foot pressure on the rudders one can climb, dive, loop, side-slip, fall a couple of thousand feet and flatten out "as right as rain." You always have one hand free for the machine gun and if necessary you can let the joystick look out for itself for minutes at a time and use both hands for fighting. Or if the trip is a long one you can let her float while you eat luncheon. An air menu generally consists of an apple or banana, milk chocolate and biscuits, with hot tea or coffee from a vacuum bottle.

**Constipation Causes Bad Skin.**  
A dull and pimply skin is due to a sluggish bowel movement. Correct this condition and clear your complexion with Dr. King's New Life Pills. This mild laxative taken at bedtime will assure you a full, free, non-gripping movement in the morning. Drive out the dull, listless feeling resulting from overloaded intestines and sluggish liver. Get a bottle to-day. At all Druggists, 25c.

## INDIAN DECLARES AMERICA IS CHILD

CIVILIZATION STILL CRUDE AND HAS MUCH TO LEARN SAYS TAGORE.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 27.—America knows now her frailties and her virtues. Sir Rabindranath Tagore, famous Indian poet and philosopher, has told her all about herself.

Just before he left here the other day on a voyage back to his beloved homeland, he drew a mental picture of our national character, painting in bold strokes the good and the bad points.

Inexperience, impoliteness, intolerance and materialism are the faults, he says. Genius, daring, inquisitiveness and frankness the charms.

Sir Rabindranath has visited many cities in this country during the last three months. He has studied us from every angle.

This is what he says: "The thing which hurt me more than anything else was the fact that they laughed at me because of my head-dress, because of my clothes and my foreign appearance. I had to keep to my own room most of the time and did not dare to eat in public because everyone would stare and whisper and laugh. They do not do that anywhere else in the world. If you Americans come to India, do you put on our dress? But we don't laugh at you; we expect you to remain Americans in our country."

**Contrast Remarkable.**

"The contrast between the Americans and the Japanese is remarkable. In Japan nobody laughed. Everyone was polite and realized that I am a man from another country. If you encourage foreigners to retain their own dress and customs, you would be a more picturesque country and have a broader internationalism. You are too young to be exclusive. Encourage immigration; do not discourage it. You have a wonderful message to give to the world. Don't let the daring inexperience of your youth retard the delivery of this message."

"America's civilization is still crude. It is bound to be crude. You are only a child. In human life you would be about a 4-year-old child, which just begins to ask questions and tries to find out things. And America is trying to find out things and that is the great redeeming feature. Your inquisitiveness and curiosity will teach you and in the next stage of civilization, which will be spiritual rather than material, you will be a leader."

**Women Have Much Time.**

"I have noticed that your women here have much more time and leisure than the women anywhere else in the world. They could use that time well in study and improvement. Do they?"

"You must learn. You can not teach as yet. You must be tolerant and remember that the foreigners can teach you. Do not try to Americanize every alien."

"I have great hopes for your country. On your soil will be the greatest nation of the world. But you will be the greatest nation only if you let others come in. You have the happy advantage of no past and a wonderful future."

## CHILDREN PLAY AS SHELLS RAIN

FRENCH INFANTS BORN WITHIN SOUND OF HEAVY CANNONADING.

## TOTS ARE VENTURESOME

Mothers Call Them In When The Shrapnel Begins to Fall Close At Hand.

With the British Armies in France, Jan. 2.—To those who have lived among them, the children of the war zone in France will ever remain a psychological riddle. It is startling to the newcomer at the war to find them here at all. It is uncanny to see them at play where a shell might break at almost any moment, utterly oblivious to the soldiers and scenes about them, and with senses so attuned to the ordinary nerve-racking noises that only a prolonged lull in the ceaseless roar of guns would cause them the least concern. They cling with their elders to the remnants of their shell-scattered homes in the bombarded towns and villages, where even yet the German guns send their shells. Some have been born within sound of the cannon, and others have come into their first sense of being in the midst of battle. The strange phenomenon of life to them will be unwanted stillness of peace.

A striking picture it is to see a little French girl, five or six years old, with a plaited "pig tail" down her back, tripping, bareheaded, along a road where soldier men venture only under the protection of their big steel hats. Such a little girl sat and softly sang and knitted in front of her home near an old Flemish mill one bright and warm December noon while a score of aeroplanes whirled and fought overhead and the high blue sky was filled with the fleecy cotton-balls that come from bursting shrapnel shells. She could see the seared and scarred lines on the distant hills, which were the enemy trenches, and still further back, the occasional white-hot flashes of enemy guns.

No stranger school can be found in all the world than that at Arras. Some of the houses are just as their owners left them during the first bombardment in October two years ago. Others have been pulverized along with the cathedral, the city hall and the railway station—three favorite targets of the German gunners. The enemy lines skirt the eastern edge of the city and daily these messengers of death are sent shrieking into Arras—bursting in fury from the sky.

In the midst of all this malignity of war some two score children, or more go to school. Their classroom is in the cellar of a house so well demolished that a few additional shells would scarcely change the character of the mass of debris that serves as a protective roof. It would take a terrific bombardment to interrupt them at their lessons. The muffled sound of shells crashing in the distance has become far too commonplace to attract attention.

All Arras lives underground. There are quiet periods of the day when the women, children and old men venture abroad for friendly call at a neighboring cellar or for the sake of a stroll and a breath of fresh air. Opportunity after opportunity has been given them to leave, but they prefer to remain with what is, or was, their own. Three persons were killed just outside the school one day, but the children in the cellar knew nothing of the tragedy. When school is out each afternoon the children are told to hurry home as fast as they can go, and there is a great pattering of little wooden-soled shoes down the melancholy streets.

**Called Out of Shell Rain.**

There are scores of other towns within the fire zone, but not quite so close to the war area, where children live by hundreds. It is no infrequent thing to hear mothers calling their children in from a desultory bombardment just as they would from a shower of rain.

Several months ago enemy aeroplanes dropped bombs in a village six or seven miles behind the firing line. It was Sunday afternoon and the streets were thronged. Outside a soldiers' moving picture theater a line of children were waiting for the doors to open. One of the bombs fell near where they stood. They scattered like so many mice, but within a minute or two all were scrambling back to their places in the queue as if nothing at all had happened.

English Tommies love children and when billeted in a village can always be seen playing with the tots, buying them all sorts of candies and sweetmeats, and even wheeling them

gaily along in perambulators while fond mothers look on.

**The Best Recommendation.**  
The strongest recommendation any article may receive is a favorable word from the user. It is the recommendation of those who have used it that makes Chamberlain's Cough Remedy so popular. Mrs. Amanda Gierhart, Waynesfield, Ohio, writes: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my family off and on for twenty years and it has never failed to cure a cough or cold." Obtainable everywhere.

## LINCOLN PEW IS LEFT AS CHURCH IS BUILT

Gettysburg, Pa., Jan. 27.—The old pew in which Abraham Lincoln worshipped on November 19, 1863, in the historic Presbyterian Church here, stands undisturbed to-day, while all about it workmen are tearing out the interior to make way for new furniture and trappings. During the battle the church was used as a hospital. There are many blood-stains on the woodwork. These are to be removed. The church is 175 years old.

**Business Scholarship.**  
We have for sale, a scholarship, good for a complete course in either Bookkeeping and Accounting or Stenographers Course in the Owensboro Business & Industrial College. For particulars apply at Republican office.

## MOVIE STARS' HEADS TURNED BY SALARIES

BRADY TAKES GLOOMY VIEW OF BUSINESS FROM PRODUCER'S STANDPOINT.

New York, Jan. 30.—The moving picture business is "almost cruel" and there is no money in it, William A. Brady, theatrical manager, testified Friday before the legislative committee which is investigating the industry to determine if it should be subject to a State tax.

Mr. Brady said he believed public interest in moving pictures had decreased during the last year, the trouble being there were "as many picture theaters as saloons." He said the system of distributing films "is a joke," owing to the great waste. As to salaries paid stars, he was asked what he thought Kity Gordon gets.

"On paper she gets between a thousand and fifteen hundred a week," he replied. "In reality she probably gets between five and seven hundred and fifty."

"Many stars who were paid \$10 or \$50 a week on the legitimate stage and now draw ten times those amounts have had their heads turned, and temperamentally speaking fail to deliver what was expected." Mr. Brady declared. "My own daughter," he concluded, "is paid so much money that I have to take half of her salary and put it in trust for her. Otherwise, she would spend it recklessly and foolishly."

Producer and distributor of pictures as president of the World Film Corporation, Mr. Brady said his company had put \$1,000,000 into the business within the last six months. Asked if much of that money was his own, he replied:

"No, I have been too wise to buy moving picture stock. The business has been expanding, but in a disastrous way." Asserting there was a great overproduction of pictures, he continued:

"The business looked so easy that four times the number of theaters needed were built. I think there is a great future in store for it, but there is no money in it now. It will be there only when there is a total reorganization. The business to-day is almost cruel."

"Some day there will be real motion pictures, when the ear, the eye, the stomach, acted surgical operations and everything educational will be pictorially preserved. Then the pictures will be in every school-room. There is more talk going into pictures than money, and the industry must pass through the same ordeal as the oil fields, automobile business and other industries."

Adolph Zukor, of the Famous Players-Lasky Company, deplored the overproduction of films and told the committee that losses in moving picture ventures would, in his opinion, prevent capitalists from investing in that business until a more stable basis had been developed.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

MAN WHO OPPOSED

TIPS HAS HARD ROW

Denver, Colo., Jan. 27.—Robert Harris, of Denver, member of the

# CALL ON US

For Overcoats, Suits, Odd Pants, Ladies' Coat Suits and Cloaks. Don't miss us. All new and up-to-date.

Hub Clothing Co.  
HARTFORD, KY.

\$4.00 ONE YEAR \$2.00 SIX MONTHS

## COURIER-JOURNAL

Daily By Mail  
(NOT SUNDAY)

AND

## FARM and FAMILY

A Great Monthly Magazine

During January

AND

February Only

Special Rate Period Limited to These Two Months.

Splendid Combination at a Little Over Half The Price.

Subscription orders at this rate will be accepted only when sent through regular Courier-Journal Agents in this district.

BERRY D. WALKER,  
Hartford, Ky.

COURIER-JOURNAL CO., Louisville, Ky.

Assembly of Colorado, is a valiant man. Harris is in a business that requires him to travel, and his life is therefore closely linked to waiters and such like persons. In spite of this fact, he bravely rose in his place in the last Legislature and introduced a bill against tipping.

Immediately, the legislator says, he was picked by the "Black Hand" for future consideration. He came to know the mark of the "Black Hand" thumb in his soup; to find that meat and vegetable orders were not as fresh as he had hoped they would be, judging from what was set before his neighbor or vis-a-vis at table; to discover that his room at hotels and wayside inns was ignored by port and pretty maids. In short, Harris, the tip tilter, found how troubled is the life of the reformer.

Nothing daunted, Harris is going after the festive little tip again this session. He has prepared a bill which provides that all keepers of hotels and restaurants shall post their rates, with and without tips. For instance, rooms and tips, \$5 and up a day; or, rooms without tips, \$2 and up. Steak, with tip, \$1.25 for one person; steak, without tip, for one person, \$1.

Harris wears an exalted expression, as the what happens to him doesn't matter.

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Harris wears an exalted expression, as the what happens to him doesn't matter.

Sloan's Liniment Eases Pain.

Sloan's Liniment is first thought of mothers for bumps, bruises and sprains that are continually happening to children. It quickly penetrates and soothes without rubbing. Cleaner and more effective than musky plasters or ointments. For rheumatic aches, neuralgia pain and that grippy soreness after colds, Sloan's Liniment gives prompt relief. Have a bottle handy for bruises, strains, sprains and all external pain. For the thousands whose work calls them outdoors, the pains and aches following exposure are relieved by Sloan's Liniment. At all Druggists, 25c.

Where It Went.

"If you had worked harder," said his wife, "you could have doubled your income."

"But what's the use," replied her husband. "I'd have had to work twice as hard, and I wouldn't have had a chance to spend a cent more of it myself."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



## MEXICAN WOMEN BALK AT PLUNG

RIOT ON JUAREZ SPAN WHEN  
IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES  
DEMAND BATH.

## MISUNDERSTAND ORDER

Reports Circulated That U. S. Sol-  
diers Were To Make Pictures—  
Hold Up Cars.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 28.—A misun-  
derstanding over quarantine regu-  
lations led to a riot to-day at the Juarez  
end of the main international bridge,  
which threatened for a time to as-  
sume dangerous proportions. Ener-  
getic measures taken by the Carranza  
garrison and a conference be-  
tween the American and Mexican im-  
migration officials later brought  
about an arrangement satisfactory  
to the Mexicans and quiet was restor-  
ed.

The rioters were mostly Mexican  
women, employed as servants in El  
Paso, who resented the American  
quarantine order that all persons of  
unclean appearance seeking to cross  
the bridge be given a shower bath  
and their clothing be disinfected  
to kill typhus germs.

### Hold Up Street Cars.

Women stopped by the authorities  
returned to Juarez and circulated  
stories that all were to receive a bath  
in a gasoline mixture similar to that  
which resulted in a fire in the El  
Paso jail last March in which more  
than a score of persons were burn-  
ed to death. Stories were also cir-  
culated that American soldiers were  
photographing the women while  
bathing and making the pictures pub-  
lic.

Excited women thronged the Mex-  
ican side of the bridge, held up street  
cars and completely blocked traffic  
for several hours. They shouted,  
defiantly waved controller bars at the  
helpless manager of the street-car  
system, scurried against the shade of  
the bridge walls when a moving pic-  
ture man tried to take them and had  
a good time generally. Some of the  
American car men were roughly han-  
dled and several car windows were  
broken. Andres Garcia, inspector  
general of Carranza consulates, and  
Soriano Bravo, the consul general,  
advanced in a motor car that was  
shoved back by the women, some of  
whom later shouted: "Viva Villa!  
Viva Villa!" when they tried to ad-  
dress the mob. But the garrison  
soldiers appeared and pressed the  
women back from the bridge.

### Deny Peon Was Killed.

Several shots were heard in suc-  
cession at this time, but Carranza  
officers and Government investigators  
said no one was hurt, despite a de-  
tailed story that spread through El  
Paso that a peon had been killed for  
shouting "Long live Villa! Death to  
Carranza!"

At an international conference  
held at noon it was arranged that the  
American authorities would recog-  
nize bath and sterilization certificates  
issued by the Mexicans, who have an  
effective quarantine plant.

Because of the riot the races on  
the Juarez track were called off and  
the gambling halls closed.

The quarantine order closes inter-  
national traffic between 7 p. m. and 7  
a. m., because of the shortage of  
night inspectors. Travel is unre-  
stricted during the day except so far  
as relates to those who potentially are  
unclean.

A black flag with skull and cross-  
bones in white, which was display-  
ed by the Carranza cavalrymen on the  
Juarez end of the bridge, created  
excitement among American specu-  
lators, who were ignorant of its sig-  
nificance. The flag is the divisional  
flag adopted by Gen. Francisco Mur-  
gula on taking charge of the present  
campaign against Villa. Its signifi-  
cance was explained as "death to  
Villa," and it was first made public  
when Murgula's troops reoccupied  
Chihuahua City.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

VIRGINIA WANTS MONEY  
WEST VIRGINIA OWES HER

Washington, Jan. 28.—Virginia  
has decided to take further steps to  
hasten payment by West Virginia of  
the latter's share of the Old Domini-  
on debt when the State divided in  
1861.

The Supreme Court, which gave a  
decree against West Virginia in  
1915, will be asked to-morrow, on  
behalf of Virginia, to issue process  
requiring West Virginia to pay the  
original judgment of \$12,393,000  
with interest at 5 per cent since July  
1, 1915. This action was decided  
upon at conferences here to-day be-

tween Virginia commissioners ap-  
pointed to consider the debt case  
and Attorney General Pollard of Vir-  
ginia. Sanford Robinson, a New  
York attorney, representing the in-  
dividual bondholders, also will ap-  
pear in the proceedings.

As the West Virginia Legislature  
is now in session, it is understood  
that the Virginia officials will urge  
that the time is opportune for action  
toward payment of the debt. An-  
other legislative session will not be  
held for two years.

West Virginia officials have been  
considering measures, including a  
bond issue, to comply with the Su-  
preme Court's decree. Virginia's  
new steps may result in reopening of  
the case, for extended supplementary  
proceedings, as it is understood that  
West Virginia will offer some new  
set-offs to reduce the judgment.

### For Sale.

Two acres of land, containing  
good dwelling, barn and out build-  
ings, also fine well of water, located  
in town of Hartford. Terms easy.  
Apply to Barnett & Tinsley.

## HORDES ARE SERVED BY PIE DISTRIBUTORS

32,000 DESERVING DEMOCRATS  
ARE TO GET HAND-OUTS,  
LEADERS ESTIMATE.

Washington, Jan. 27. Republi-  
can leaders in Congress have been  
endeavoring, without any great de-  
gree of success, to get a line on the  
number of places that have been cre-  
ated for "deserving Democrats" since  
the present administration came into  
power.

Various calculations have been  
made with varying results. Senator  
Smoot, of Utah, who went into the  
subject in considerable detail, es-  
timates that up to last September  
32,000 places had been created, in-  
volving an annual expenditure of  
about \$44,000,000.

### List Grows Longer.

"This list has been increased, but  
not largely, since then," said Senator  
Smoot. "It includes places under  
the civil service which, however,  
were created to get Democrats into  
office."

Representative Albert Johnson, of  
Washington State, undertook to get  
some information on the subject. He  
wrote to the National Civil Service  
Reform League, which has offices at  
79 Wall Street and of which Richard  
Henry Dana is president, and has re-  
ceived from Harry W. Marsh, the fol-  
lowing reply:

### Removed From Service.

"Replying to your letter of the  
4th instant, requesting information  
as to the number of new offices cre-  
ated by the Wilson Administration,  
the only information we have at hand  
is the number of positions removed  
from the jurisdiction of the civil  
service law by the Wilson Adminis-  
tration, as follows:

"Income tax force, about 1,200  
positions; urgent deficiency bill, 1-  
200 deputy collectors and 175 deputy  
marshals (since the passage of this  
act a number of ordinary clerks and  
stenographers have been ap-  
pointed as deputies); Federal Trade  
Commission, about ten positions;  
commercial attaches, fifteen posi-  
tions; Federal Reserve Board, not  
more than two hundred positions;  
Federal Farm Loan Board, no figures.  
The above figures are conservative,  
but I believe are fairly accurate. I  
trust this gives you the desired in-  
formation."

## THOSE AWFUL CRAMPS

Suggestions that may save  
Much Suffering

Marysville, Pa.—"For twelve years  
I suffered with terrible cramps. I  
would have to stay in bed several days  
every month. I tried all kinds of  
remedies and was treated by doctors,  
but my trouble continued until one day  
I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vege-  
table Compound and what it had done for  
others. I tried it  
and now I am never  
troubled with cramps and feel like a  
different woman. I cannot praise  
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-  
pound too highly and I am recommend-  
ing it to my friends who suffer as I did."  
—Mrs. GEORGE R. NAYLOR, Box 72,  
Marysville, Pa.



Young women who are troubled with  
painful or irregular periods, backache,  
headache, dragging-down sensations,  
fainting spells or indigestion should  
take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable  
Compound. Thousands have been re-  
stored to health by this root and herb  
remedy.

Write for free and helpful advice to  
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (con-  
fidential), Lynn, Mass. Only women  
open and read such letters.

## CLARK MAY PASS J. D. IN WEALTH

FORMER SENATOR CAN RAISE  
\$100,000,000 IN TWENTY-  
FOUR HOURS.

## STARTED AS PEDDLER

Mine King Owns Castles And Man-  
sions in Paris, New York, Los  
Angeles and Butte.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 27.—Is W. A.  
Clark, mine king and former Senator  
from Montana, overhauling John D.  
as the richest man in America?

That's the word out here where  
they know the pedigree and posses-  
sions of rich men like a "mudsmel-  
ler" knows geology.

War prices on metals have enor-  
mously increased Clark's already fabu-  
lous income.

And the difference between Clark  
and Rockefeller and other Ameri-  
can money monarchs is that the  
former's vast holdings are practical-  
ly all in his own name and that of  
his family.

His intimates here say that he  
could raise \$100,000,000 in cash in  
twenty-four hours out of his own  
storehouse of wealth, and that he is  
probably the only man in the United  
States who can.

United Verde, the Arizona copper  
mine, for which Clark recently re-  
fused \$76,000,000, is alone paying  
him a monthly dividend of \$2,000,-  
000.

His Butte properties, the com-  
paratively small, also yield him  
enormous sums.

Aside from the \$50,000,000 loan  
he made France, the adopted land of  
his children, Clark has \$20,000,000  
loose change he doesn't know what  
to do with.

A French syndicate recently want-  
ed to purchase United Verde. "The  
Old Man," as they call him here,  
said:

"Well, I don't want to sell Verde,  
but I suppose everything has its  
price. Tell you what I'll do. You  
survey the property and pay me ten  
cents a pound for all the ore actual-  
ly in sight."

When at ten cents per pound, the  
actual ore bulked to the staggering  
figure of \$699,000,000 the syndicate  
engineers threw up their hands. And  
copper is today selling around thirty-  
five cents per pound.

Clark has a \$15,000,000 home on  
Fifth Avenue, a \$10,000,000 chateau  
in Paris, where his children live, an-  
other palace in Los Angeles and the  
old home here in Butte.

### Starts Own Foundry.

In New York the brass trust want-  
ed to hold him up on the \$1,000,000  
worth of fixtures for his Fifth Avenue  
home, so Clark started a foundry of  
his own, just for that purpose.

Starting as a bull team driver, a  
vendor of spices and baking pow-  
ders here in the early days, he got  
in the first whack at the "billion dol-  
lar hill" at Butte.

Today at 76, he has mines in Mon-  
tana, Arizona, California, Michigan;  
owns Salt Lake line from Butte to  
Los Angeles, has oil properties in  
Wyoming—in fact owns tremendous  
properties in nearly every State.

Every night he knows just what  
has happened during the day on all  
his holdings. He gets reports from  
them all—a bushel basket of tele-  
grams every evening at the New York  
office.

His political fights in Montana—  
and they have been on the theory  
that might makes right—have cost  
this super-rich man millions.

It is for these political battles that  
Clark says he has learned the philo-  
sophy to which he today ascribes  
his remarkable energy and unflinching  
business acumen.

"I have learned never to worry,"  
he asserts, "to conserve my energies.  
The result is I feel like a child when  
my head touches the pillow, and I  
wake up fresh for any task."

A 160 acre farm 4 miles east of  
Hartford, on the border of the oil  
fields. Good dwelling, barn and oth-  
er necessary outbuildings. Young  
orchard, strawberry bed and other  
pleasing features. If bonds carry  
inter-county seat pike will be near.  
See, or write Tinsley & Barnett,  
Hartford, Ky., for further particu-  
lars.

## SOLDIERS OPERATE STRING OF STORES

Paris, Jan. 27.—The co-operative  
store has made its appearance at the  
front. In the forest of the Argonne  
the experiment was first tried, with  
the result that it was so successful  
that the little shops spring up like  
mushrooms until now there are  
many stores or shops of consider-  
able importance.

The managers of the shops are all

soldiers who have had experience in  
similar lines before being called to  
the colors, and who for one reason  
or another, have been released from  
duty in the trenches.

Under the fire of the enemy's  
guns the French soldier calmly walks  
to his provision shop and purchases  
what particular brand of food he is  
able to pay for, be it carp, lobster,  
shrimp, oysters or green vegeta-  
bles.

The funds to start the enterprise  
were originally company funds,  
which were donated by the men. The  
original investment has in most cases  
been returned to the unit from which  
it came, and the profits of the  
sales are devoted to the men them-  
selves. A sort of an insurance fund  
is set aside out of the profits to pro-  
vide for emergency, such as the de-  
struction of the store by shell fire  
or high winds, and the entire busi-  
ness is conducted in a manner that  
would do credit to any of the big mer-  
cantile establishments in the larger  
cities.

### \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be  
pleased to learn that there is at least one  
dreaded disease that science has been  
able to cure in all its stages, and that is  
Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only  
positive cure now known to the medical  
fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional  
disease, requires a constitutional treat-  
ment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken in-  
ternally, acting directly upon the blood  
and mucous surfaces of the system, there-  
by destroying the foundation of the dis-  
ease, and giving the patient strength by  
building up the constitution and assisting  
nature in doing its work. The proprietors  
have so much faith in its curative pow-  
ers that they offer One Hundred Dollars  
for any case that it fails to cure. Send  
for list of testimonials.  
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### UNIT GUARDSMEN COST

U. S. \$2,000,000, IS CLAIM

New York, Jan. 28.—Acceptance of  
physically unfit national guardsmen  
made necessary by last summer's  
mobilization, cost the Federal Gov-  
ernment not less than \$2,000,000,  
according to a report to-night of the  
Executive Committee of Mayor  
Mitchell's Committee on National De-  
fense.

The lowest estimate of the physi-  
cally unfit among the 114,000 offi-  
cers and men subject to the Presi-  
dent's call was placed at 25 per cent,  
or 28,500, in spite, the report states,  
of the relatively low rejection rate  
in Massachusetts, New York and a  
few other States. New York had  
gone much further, the committee  
found, maintaining proper physical  
standards.

"At one of the mobilization camps  
the army instructor inspector esti-  
mated that each man rejected had  
represented, at a conservative esti-  
mate, a loss to the Government of  
\$40. In the case of men carried to  
the border without thorough exami-  
nation and sent back home because  
of disloyalty, the cost was, of course,  
far greater. In other cases, where  
men were discharged at their home  
stations soon after the call, it was  
less."

### Stop That Cough.

A hacking cough weakens the  
whole system, drains your energy  
and gets worse if neglected; your  
throat is raw, your chest aches and  
you feel sore all over. Relieve that  
cold at once with Dr. King's New Dis-  
covery. The soothing pine balsams  
heal the irritated membranes, and  
the antiseptic and laxative qualities  
kill the germs and break up your  
cold. Don't let a cold linger. Get  
Dr. King's New Discovery to-day at  
your Druggist, 50c.

### Rules For The Nursery.

Rockers on cradles are strongly  
condemned by doctors because fre-  
quent rocking is injurious to in-  
fants.

In preparing baths for children  
always put in the cold water first  
and then the hot. By keeping this  
rule rigidly accidents from scalding  
will be prevented.

Good habits can not be taught too  
early.

A scolding mother will not bring  
up amiable children.

### Severe Cold Quickly Cured.

"On December first I had a very  
severe cold or attack of the grip as  
it may be, and was nearly down sick  
in bed," writes O. J. Metcalf, Weath-  
erby, Mo. "I bought two bottles of  
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it  
was only a few days until I was com-  
pletely restored to health. I firmly  
believe that Chamberlain's Cough  
Remedy is one of the very best med-  
icines and will know what to do when  
I have another cold." Obtainable  
everywhere.

### Farm For Sale.

I desire to sell my farm of 75  
acres, located on the Hartford and  
McHenry public road, 2 miles from  
McHenry, one mile from Hartford  
and Centertown Pike. Three good  
wells of water, plenty of fruit for  
family use, fairly good buildings, 20  
acres in woodland, balance cleared  
of which 20 acres is bottom land.  
Will sell at a bargain. Change in  
occupation only reason for selling.  
BEN L. DAVIS,  
Beaver Dam, R. 2.

## Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been  
in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

*Charles H. Fletcher* and has been made under his per-  
sonal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this.  
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but  
Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of  
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric,  
Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains  
neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its  
age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has  
been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency,  
Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising  
therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids  
the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.  
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Charles H. Fletcher*

## In Use For Over 30 Years

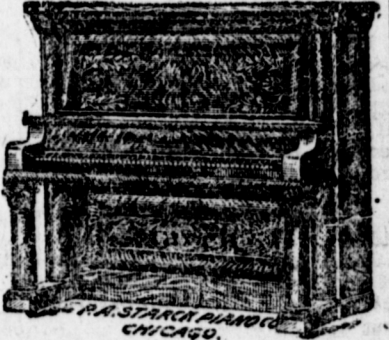
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## Starck Pianos



No Money  
in Advance  
—Satisfac-  
tion Guar-  
anteed—  
Lowest Net  
Factory  
Prices—  
Easiest  
Terms—A  
Saving of  
\$100 to  
\$200—  
From Fac-  
tory Direct



## 30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your  
home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use  
and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the  
highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever  
seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that  
event, pay the freight both ways. The Starck Piano must make good with you,  
or there is no sale.

### Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at  
prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the  
cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish  
you a better piano for the money than you can  
secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving  
a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade  
piano.

### 25-Year Guarantee

Every Starck Piano is  
guaranteed for 25 years.  
This guarantee has back  
of it our 25 years of piano  
experience, and the repu-  
tation of an old-established,  
responsible piano house.

### 50 Free Music Lessons

To every purchaser of  
Starck Pianos, we give free  
music lessons, in one of  
the best known schools in  
Chicago. These lessons you  
can take in your own home,  
by mail. This represents  
one year's free instruction.

### 2nd-Hand Bargains

We have constantly on hand  
a large number of slightly used  
and second-hand pianos of all  
standard makes taken in ex-  
change for new Starck Pianos  
and Player-Pianos. The follow-  
ing are a few sample bargains:  
Weber ..... \$110.00  
Steinway ..... 92.00  
Chickering ..... 90.00  
Kimball ..... 85.00  
Starck ..... 195.00

Send for our latest complete  
second-hand bargain list.

### Starck Player-Pianos

Starck Player-Pianos are  
the best and most beauti-  
ful Player-Pianos on the  
market. You will be  
fascinated with the many ex-  
clusive features of these  
wonderful instruments, and  
will be pleased with the  
very low prices at which  
they can be secured.

### Piano Book Free

Send today for our new  
beautifully illustrated piano  
book which gives you a  
large amount of infor-  
mation regarding pianos. This  
book will interest and  
please you. Write today.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1343 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

## You Can Be Whatever You Want To Be

You can be a success, and a big success, if you have  
AMBITION, ENERGY, NERVE.

The road to success is easy—if you are properly  
prepared. A Business Education is the chief requisite  
for preparedness. The big men of today almost with-  
out exception are the men who prepared yesterday.

We prepare you for the position that are waiting  
for the prepared man or woman. School in session  
the entire year. Pupils may enter at any time and  
receive proper classification.

## Owensboro Business & Industrial College

(Incorporated)

OWENSBORO, KY.



## Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice at Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

ALJASON J. BARNETT, Editor  
W. S. TINSLEY, Business Manager

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**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS**  
Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Locals and Notices 10c per line and 5c per line for each additional insertion.  
Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks 5c per line, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements 5c per line.  
Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

**TELEPHONES.**  
Cumberland 123  
Farmers' Mutual 55

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

**NOTE**—Announcements in this column are charged for at the rate of \$6.00 if started before March 1; thereafter, \$5.00. Payable in advance.

#### For Representative.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **L. L. EMBRY** for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

#### For County Judge.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **MACK COOK** for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **R. R. WEDDING** for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

#### For County Court Clerk.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **W. C. BLANKENSHIP** for the Republican nomination for County Court Clerk of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **M. F. CHUMLEY** for the Republican nomination for County Court Clerk of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

#### For Sheriff.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **G. A. RALPH** for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **S. A. BRATCHER** for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **G. P. JONES** for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

#### For Superintendent.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **E. S. HOWARD** for the Republican nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

#### For Jailor.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **M. C. SHROADER** for the Republican nomination for Jailor of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of **J. W. DUVALL** for the Republican nomination for Jailor of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

If might is right then might must be right, but we think "may" sounds better.

With tobacco bringing good prices it looks like a shame to burn the plant beds.

About the only sympathy for the cense comes from the newspaper proof reader.

"Turn boys, we're going back," and then the much-sought Villa occupied the vacated territory.

Someone has said the sea connects us with Europe, but we had begun to think it was the Deutschland.

There are two trains that the Eight-hour law does not affect—the train of thought and that of the evening gown.

If that servant of Biblical history who increased his talents to ten could have had the benefit of a Washington peace note "leak" he would have required several years in making his settlement with the Master.

Germany's threat to extend the submarine policy without limitations causes this country to face a crisis

such as has not been ours since the Spanish-American War. Only time can tell what the future may bring.

We can forgive the one who continuously boasts of "I". Our animosity toward the guy who gave us the black eye lessens as time goes by. But the gink who introduced the four hundred variety of that optical affliction, secluded behind a pair of colored glasses and commonly disguised as "pink eye", need ask no quarter from this source once his identity becomes known.

Candidates for the Republican nomination for county offices are out early with their announcements this year which fact indicates that they believe prospects bright for the nominees in November. Starting with two last week the list swelled materially this issue and there are several more to follow. Many prospective candidates, however, will hold their announcements until spring.

#### WANT NOTHING EXTRA.

Judging from certain newspaper accounts one would think that an enormous tide of public sentiment was sweeping through the State of Kentucky, surging, jamming and calling madly for an extra session of the Legislature, and that the one little, simple thing necessary to appease the horde is the passage of the tax law submitted by the Commission. No doubt there is sentiment in certain sections for just that, but as for the unanimity of the demand, it's missing.

That certain sections of Kentucky's present tax law should be placed along-side other relics of antiquity few deny, but at the same time there are objectionable features in the proposed new law. So very objectionable in fact that the chances of their passage becoming a veritable blunder are in the majority. Members of the commission that drafted the new bill deserve credit, thanks and appreciation for their work. There are many good things included in the measure, and certainly such an able Commission can yet improve it, if given time. In its report the Commission states that owing to the condition of the State Treasury it did not see fit to employ a tax expert. We suggest that the Commission should be permitted to employ a tax expert, and upon his advice some changes made.

The people of this section are almost unanimous against an extra session of the Legislature. They feel that if held until the next session it may crowd out many wild-cat laws and chamber-maid scandals. They are afraid of an extra session for they tremble at the thought of even a regular one. They have no assurance that a good tax law would be passed. They haven't forgotten the last session of this most dignified body—and in other words, they are willing to let bad enough alone for the present.

#### DECISION ON ADAMSON ACT MAY BE POSTPONED

Washington, Jan. 29.—A recess of the Supreme Court for four weeks, from February 5 to March 5, to prepare opinions, was announced to-day. The Harvester and Steel cases and other important cases assigned for February 26, were reassigned for hearing on March 6.

The usually long recess gave rise to speculation regarding prospects for a decision in the Adamson eight-hour law case. It was suggested in some quarters that, few opinions having been given to-day, the Adamson law decision might be in process of preparation for announcement next Monday. If the case is not decided then, no decision would be possible until after Congress adjourns, as the next regular "opinion day" will be March 6, two days after the adjournment.

The same situation applies in the contempt case against United States Attorney Marshall, of New York, who is asking a habeas corpus writ to prevent him being brought before the bar of the House of Representatives. The power of the present House to inflict contempt punishment expires with adjournment of Congress.

It was understood that the four weeks' recess was designed primarily to give the court time to prepare opinions in many cases argued and others coming up for hearing this week.

#### MAN WHO JOINS ARMY NOT A WIFE DESERTER

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 29.—A husband who joins the army is not there by guilty of wife desertion, it was ruled in Court here to-day, when Arthur L. Campbell, a detective and National Guardsman, was released on a writ of habeas corpus. He was under arrest on a fugitive warrant from Cincinnati, O., charging him with wife abandonment.

Campbell's defense was that he enlisted for service on the Mexican border and that his wife left here while he was with his regiment.

## OBJECTS TO THE LITERACY TEST

WILSON AGAIN VETOES IMMIGRATION BILL RECENTLY PASSED BY CONGRESS.

### ILLITERATES MAY LAND

President Says Many Aliens Come to The United States Seeking Education.

Washington, Jan. 29.—President Wilson to-day vetoed the Immigration Bill passed recently by Congress because of its literacy test provision.

It was the second time that President Wilson had vetoed an Immigration Bill because of the literacy test, and for the same reason similar measures were given vetoes by Presidents Taft and Cleveland.

The President's veto message to the House in which the bill originated, follows:

"I very much regret to return this bill without my signature.

"In most of the provisions of the bill I should be very glad to concur, but I cannot rid myself of the conviction that literacy test constitutes a radical change in the policy of the nation which is not justified in principle. It is not a test of character, of quality, or of personal fitness, but would operate in most cases merely as a penalty for lack of opportunity in the country from which the alien seeking admission came. The opportunity to gain an education is in many cases one of the chief opportunities sought by the immigrant in coming to the United States, and our experience in the past has not been that the illiterate immigrant is as such an undesirable immigrant. Tests of quality and of purpose cannot be objected to on principle, but tests of opportunity surely may be.

**Objection to Exemption.**  
"Moreover, even if this test might be equitably insisted on, one of the exceptions proposed to its application involves a provision which might lead to very delicate and hazardous diplomatic situations.

"The bill exempts from the operation of the literacy test 'all aliens who shall prove to the satisfaction of the proper immigration officer or to the Secretary of Labor that they are seeking admission to the United States to avoid religious persecution in the country of their last permanent residence, whether such persecution be evidenced by overt acts or by laws or governmental regulations that discriminate against the alien or the race to which he belongs because of his religious faith.'

#### Invidious Function.

"Such a provision, so applied and administered, would oblige the officer concerned in effect to pass judgment upon the laws and practices of a foreign Government and declare that they did or did not constitute religious persecution. This would, to say the least, be a most invidious function for any administration officer of this Government to perform, and it is not only possible but probable that very serious questions of international justice and comity would arise between this Government and the Government or Governments thus officially condemned should its exercise be adopted.

"I dare say that these consequences were not in the minds of the proponents of this provision, but the provision separately and in itself renders it unwise for me to give my assent to this legislation in its present form."

#### Seek To Override It.

When the message was read in the House it was ordered to lie on the table until Thursday morning, and champions of the bill began laying their plans for an effort to override the veto. Chairman Burnett announced to-night that he would move for a vote Thursday. Two years ago the House lacked only four votes of the necessary two-thirds majority to pass the bill over the veto, the yeas being 261 and the nays 136. The attempt having failed in the House, no action was taken by the Senate.

When President Taft vetoed a similar measure because of the literacy test the Senate succeeded in overriding him by more than a two-thirds majority but the House fell short about a dozen votes.

The bill which the President vetoed to-day passed the House last March by a vote of 308 to 87 and the Senate in December by 64 to 7.

#### WIFE BEATERS' PHOTOS TO HANG IN ROGUES' GALLERY

Kansas City, Kan., Jan. 27.—With the novelty worn off the plan of shackling wifebeaters and making them sweep the streets of this city, Judge Joseph Brady has hit on a new

plan to humiliate the practices of the ancient cave man.

Hereafter the pictures of all wifebeaters with their names and records in bold, black type, will be placed in a public rogues' gallery in the lobby of the city hall, exposed to the gaze of all.

"It seems to me my plans of publicly exhibiting wifebeaters on the streets has lost its effect," said Judge Brady, when a wife showed a swollen and discolored eye and testified it was a habit of her husband to beat her.

The husband admitted he occasionally beat his wife.

"You are fined \$500," said the court. "And you are going to be the first exhibit in a public rogues' gallery in the lobby of the city hall. It will let the people know what kind of a man you are when they see you on the street."

#### J. P. STEVENS DEAD

Death of Well Known Citizen Due To Paralysis and Complications.

Mr. J. P. Stevens died at his home here Thursday night, of last week, after an illness of a little over three weeks duration. He was stricken with paralysis which was followed by uremic poison and his condition grew slowly worse until it was seen, and stated, by his physician that the end was only a question of time.

Mr. Stevens was one of Ohio county's best known citizens and spent nearly seventy-two years of useful life before answering the final call. He was elected Sheriff of the county in 1892 and filled the office with credit. He also served several years as marshal of the towns of Beaver Dam and Hartford. Recently he was appointed assistant postmaster here but bad health prevented his continuing in office longer than a few weeks.

Rev. R. D. Bennett, assisted by Rev. Frank, of Beaver Dam, conducted funeral services at Liberty Friday. The remains were interred in the Liberty burying grounds.

Besides his wife Mr. Stevens is survived by the following children: Mesdames H. B. Taylor, of Beaver Dam; T. H. Black, of Hartford, and Z. Harrel, of Rockport.



S. A. BRATCHER.

Mr. S. A. Bratcher, who this week announces as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county, enjoys a very large acquaintance over the county and will no doubt prove a formidable contender for the honor to which he aspires.

Mr. Bratcher is now a deputy under Sheriff S. O. Keown and has also served in that capacity in former years, which well qualifies him for the office that he seeks. Before becoming a deputy sheriff Mr. Bratcher was a successful farmer of the Pleasant section. He has made the race for the nomination for this office upon two occasions, having met defeat in the primary. He received a good vote at each election, however, and believes that he will be successful this year. If given the nomination Mr. Bratcher will be very much in the race in the final election.

#### REWARD OFFERED FOR MARSHALL NALL

Ohio county officials have been notified that Governor Stanley on behalf of the State, has offered a reward of \$300 for the apprehension of Marshall Nall, who is under indictment and wanted here for the killing of Clyde Rucker last Spring. Nall, who is a negro, escaped jail some time in last October, while the jailer was serving a meal to the prisoners, others escaping at the time were captured but Nall succeeded in a complete get away. The girl slayed by the escaped prisoner was a colored girl and said to have been a sweetheart of the indicted negro.

#### MANY POLICIES MAY BE AFFECTED BY DECISION

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 30.—By judgment of the Court of Appeals, reversing the Fayette Circuit Court, T. T. Forman, of Lexington, recovers from the Mutual Life Insurance Company \$996.08, the accumulated surplus on a \$2,000 twenty-year life policy. The company paid him \$518.28, but the court said an "illustration" showing the estimated earnings of such a policy had been made part of the contract, guaranteeing to him \$996.08. The suit probably will affect many similar policies in force in Kentucky.



JUDGE R. R. WEDDING.

Judge R. R. Wedding has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for the office of Judge of the Ohio County Court and is now a full-fledged candidate. He is one of the best known politicians of the county, having served a term as County Judge some years ago. He made the race for the nomination four years ago but was defeated and feels that he should be given another chance.

Judge Wedding began his career as a teacher in the county schools, later taking up the study of law. Since being admitted to the bar he has practiced his profession in Ohio and adjoining counties. He is well qualified to be County Judge and should he be the nominee it is most likely that he will be elected in November.

## STRAY STREAKS.

(By Fluke McFluke.)

#### Louisville Herald.

Patterson Actress sues for damages because, while in swimming, she hit a log and now her knees don't match. Must be awfully confusing to have a pair of left knees. What's the use? If her knees were both right she would probably keep on kicking just the same.

Al's wearing goggles this week and if you observe any green stuff in this issue you will know just how it got in.

Ranse Martin says his daughter-in-law is mother to a fine boy, of which her father-in-law is grandpa.

See "Beads Odly Strung" in another column, last paragraph.

We kinder fell for that trade of John's, but quietly speaking, if we had, money enough to give Thomas all the boot he asked we'd just go out and buy a distillery. No, no, John Henry, we are not a million heirs.

Al says editorially, that it's a shame as high as tobacco is for people to be burning plant beds. And I say it's even worsen you thought Al, most of these doggon fellows what burns plant beds go further, they dig them up.

#### GIANT, 7 FEET TALL, BECOMES AN ACTOR

Los Angeles, Jan. 27.—James Grover Tarver.

That's the name of the newest William Fox photoplayer—one who literally towers above everyone in the motion picture profession and above nearly everyone in the United States.

Mr. Tarver is short in name, but long in person. He's just seven feet five inches tall and his weight is close to four hundred pounds.

Mr. Tarver was born in Franklin, Tex., thirty-odd years ago, and has been with the foremost circuses almost since he was able to walk. He is well-known thruout the country.

As a boy, Mr. Tarver was introduced to Capt. Martin Van Buren Bates, the famous Kentucky giant, whose stature was seven feet eleven one-fourth inches and who weighed 496 pounds. He wore a size 26 collar and a size 15 boot. His wife, who was Miss Anna Swan, was exactly his height, and tipped the scales at ninety-six pounds less than her husband.

#### BRECKINRIDGE INDICTED; ACCEPTED BRIBE CHARGE

New York, Jan. 27.—L. S. Breckinridge, a former assistant district attorney who has figured in the controversy between District Attorney Swann and former Judge James A. Delehanty, which resulted in charges being filed by the city club against Mr. Swann, was indicted to-day on



HON. L. L. EMBRY.

Hon. L. L. Embry has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Representative to the Kentucky Legislature, to succeed himself. Mr. Embry served thru the last session of the Legislature with distinction and feels that by reason of his experience, gained with his service, he is better enabled to serve the interest of the people of Ohio county.

Mr. Embry was member of some very important Committees during the last Legislative session and bases his claim for re-nomination by his party, to the faithful and efficient manner in which he discharged the trust heretofore imposed upon him. He will no doubt make a strong contender for the nomination and if nominated feels assured of election.

#### A. S. of E. Notice.

The Ohio County Union will meet at the court house in Hartford on February 3, 1917. All locals are urgently requested to send delegates and would be glad to have every farmer in Ohio county out to this most important meeting. We are expecting State Secretary S. B. Robertson and Organizer Blanton to be with us at this meeting, and possibly some more good speakers and leaders of the organization. It is our aim to make this the banner meeting of some time past. There is much to be done for the good of the common people at the present.

All secretaries are urged to send in all old secretary books so that they can be duplicated with new ones, and we will have a very valuable book that will be worth a great deal to distribute to each local secretary.

J. R. WELLER, Pres.  
HENRY M. PIRTLE, Sec.

**Farm For Sale**—180 acres, 1 1/4 miles east of Hartford, divided by L. & N. Railroad. 50 acres good bottom land, 100 acres cleared. Good water supply. Will sell one-half if desired. Excellent title and price is right. Location could hardly be better. Apply to L. P. Foreman, Hartford, Ky.



# ATTENTION, MR. FARMER!

Do you expect to raise tobacco this season? If you do, take a word of admonition from us. Buy your tobacco canvass at once. The quantity is small, and the price, on account high cotton, is soaring.

We have on hand to-day grades:  
Ohio River B. Grade 2 1-2c  
Ohio River C. Grade. . 3c

The quantity is limited, and future prices are sure to be high.  
BUY NOW, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

**FAIR & CO.**  
THE FAIR DEALERS

## Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2

**L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.**  
No. 113 due at Ellimitch 8:32 p. m.  
No. 110 due at Ellimitch 7:30 a. m.  
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch 3:40 p. m.  
Ar. Irvington 5:35 p. m.  
Lv. Irvington 5:55 p. m.  
Ar. Louisville 7:40 p. m.  
No. 111 Lv. Louisville 8:35 a. m.  
Ar. Irvington 10:06 a. m.  
Lv. Irvington 10:40 a. m.  
Ar. Ellimitch 1:04 p. m.

**M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.**  
South Bound, No. 115—  
Due at Hartford 8:45 a. m.  
North Bound, No. 114—  
Due at Hartford 5:55 p. m.  
(Both "Mixed Trains.")

## Personal News

### and Social Events.

For Sale—House and lot in Hartford. Cheap at \$250. Apply at this office.

Mr. Beatty Hancock, of Bowling Green, arrived Wednesday to visit relatives a few days.

Mr. Lee Salmon, of the firm of B. K. Salmon & Sons, Livia, was in Hartford yesterday.

Mrs. Oma Turner is moving into the Hoover property corner Washington and Clay Street.

Jack Skillman, Owensboro, was here this week purchasing hay, which goes to Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Frank, of Beaver Dam, are the parents of a nine-pound boy, born Tuesday morning.

T. H. Black was appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of J. P. Stevens, deceased, February 1.

For fancy cured meats, good solid groceries and the very best pork and beef cut to your notion, go to Lickens Meat Market.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Mischke entertained a few of their friends Wednesday evening at five hundred. Refreshments were served.

Lee Lewis was appointed and qualified as committee for R. C. Lewis, who was adjudged an imbecile or incompetent, in county court on the 27th.

WANT to exchange a good young man a number one good cow and will sell mule for cash. For address, W. E. ELLIS, R. Ky. 30th

Mr. and Mrs. Silas Gibson are the proud parents of a fine girl, born Jan. 1, to their daughter and son—Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Rogers, Cand, Ky.

Ethel Cho was sent to the Christian Orphans Home, Louisville, time since, by the local church, died of Bronchial pneumonia last Monday.

Sheriff Brown left last Tuesday for Ft. Tex., armed with a request for the return of Wm. O. Reynolds being held by the Texas authorities charged with sedition.

In a letter, Shown Captain C. B. Shown Company now on the border that he and about fifteen of the company are sick, and colds seem to be the

Mr. and Mrs. C. Martin are the parents of a nine-pound boy, born Monday, and the new comer has per cent to its popularity, the male relatives of the May.

The El Society of the Christian will give "Life Lines Across" next Sunday evening at lock. An entertainment of language work in India. Invited.

Rev. B. F. will preach at the Methodist Sunday morning. Eldering will deliver the evening and will be here for the meeting Monday afternoon at lock.

Bring your to the Queen's Restaurant for the White Swann Laundry. Satisfaction guaranteed. Laundry called for Mondays. Special attention to customers. 30th

The Wesley Seminary basketball team defeated the Madisonville Y. M. C. at Beaver Dam last night by the one-sided score. The feature of the game was the playing of the boys, who displayed excellent work.

Miss Lou entertained Tuesday evening a theater party. After a Barrymore at the Star then to the home of the hostess, five hundred and rook was in. A delightful lunch of pea-fowl, salad, and other dishes and coffee was the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace H. Riley will return to Union City, Tenn., at an early date after visiting relatives here and in Eastern Kentucky. Mr. Riley is proprietor of the Union City Bottling Works which has been leased during his visit.

Plows! Spring will soon be here and you will need them. Plows have advanced 20 per cent since last year, but we sell them at the old last year price. Anything in the Farm Implement line we have.

S. L. KING & CO.,  
Hartford, Ky.

Mr. M. C. Schroeder, Hartford, R. 2, a resident of Rosine precinct, is asking for the nomination for Jailor of Ohio county at the hands of the Republican party, in the August, 1917, primary. Mr. Schroeder comes from a large Republican family, is a farmer and well fitted for the office to which he aspires and says he expects to hustle until the home wire is crossed.

In this number will be found the announcement of J. W. Duvall as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Jailor of Ohio county. Mr. Duvall has heretofore been before the voters and is quite well known and "Buck," as he is generally known, is certain to make a good strong contest and if elected will serve with credit to himself and to the county.

The Magisterial district meeting of the A. S. of E. held at Bennett's schoolhouse Saturday was largely attended, every local in the district was represented and much enthusiasm was shown. Quite a few ladies were present and an excellent dinner was served. The next local meeting of the A. S. of E. will be held with Washington one month from next Saturday.

We announce in this issue the candidacy of Esq. Mack Cook for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Esq. Cook is well known throughout the county, having recently served one term as J. P. O. C., and was an applicant for the nomination four years ago. Mr. Cook will make a strong race and if nominated and elected will make a clean and capable Judge.

At a meeting of the creditors of Dundee Mercantile Company held in Owensboro last Friday, R. R. Riley, of Hartford, was selected as trustee to wind up the estate. The assets appear to be about \$6,000 and liabilities about \$9,000. Hartford attorneys attending were, C. M. Crowe, M. L. Heavrin, Ernest Woodward and G. B. Likens. Others from Ohio county present were, Esq. W. S. Dean, postmaster, E. F. Duke, of Dundee, and A. R. Renfrow, of Narrows.

G. P. Jones has shied his sky piece in the ring for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Mr. Jones is not without experience in the Sheriff's office having served as deputy during the term of T. H. Black, which serves to fit him for the position which he seeks. Mr. Jones was born and reared in the Cromwell vicinity and now resides in Beda precinct. He is a successful farmer and a good business man, and promises his opponents a good clean fight for first place in the coming primary.

Mr. Rowan Holbrook, who was recently appointed deputy State Banking Commissioner, stated yesterday evening that he was undecided as to whether or not he would accept the appointment. The appointment of Mr. Holbrook to this important position is a recognition of his efficient services to his party that is well merited. Mr. Holbrook is now Vice President of the Bank of Hartford and his many friends in Ohio county, who rejoice that he has been honored, are urging that he decline to accept because acceptance would probably mean the moving of Mr. Holbrook and his family to Hartford.

In the announcement column of The Republican will be found the card of Mr. M. F. Chumley, of Simons, who aspires to be the Republican nominee, and eventually, the County Court Clerk of Ohio county. Mr. Chumley is a young man of good appearance and his ten years in the employ of the Broadway Coal company as weighman and clerk have added to his qualifications for the office he asks for. Although he has always been a staunch Republican he has never sought to hold an office before. If the Republicans of the county see fit to make him one of their standard-bearers he will no doubt be victorious in November.

Prof. E. S. Howard, this week announces his candidacy for Superintendent of Common Schools of Ohio county, subject to action of the Republican party at the Primary Election Aug. 4th, next. Prof. Howard was reared upon a farm in the Select precinct and for several years taught in the common schools throughout the county, but is now rounding out his second year as a member of the faculty of Hartford College. It goes without saying, that Prof. Howard is competent and familiar with

the needs of the schools of our county and if nominated and elected he promises his very best endeavor to advance the interest in the education of all of our boys and girls.

About 10:30 Wednesday night someone in what might be termed a perfect state of intoxication, with the accent on the "tox," wended his way zig-zaggedly along the streets of Hartford, soliloquizing in the most unlady-like terms, and with some bloodable portion of his body smashed with a "bang!" one of the big windows in the front of Casebier's pool parlor. Navigating, dodging snags here and there, he found the main channel (Main street) and oh, you ill fate, he broke his little brown jug in front of Her's grocery. Ye editor happened to be on the job in the Republican office and ye editor became slightly noxious but aside from the above related no damage was done. Pedestrians easily tracked the militant Wednesday morning by the drops of blood here and there caused to flow because the glass was sharper than he.

Judge R. E. Lee Simmerman returned from Owensboro Tuesday evening where he, in behalf of the local K. of P. lodge, contracted with Miss Willye Neely, acting for the Wales Lyceum Company for an engagement here Thursday, February 15. Members of the K. of P. order are elated at securing the services of such able entertainers and as Hartford people have had no lyceum talent here this year a record for attendance is expected. Six high-class entertainers form the company and the program given here will be the same that has met with success in New York and other large cities of the North and East. Miss Neely is alone capable of entertaining an audience for an entire evening as those who heard her upon her former visits here will attest. The Knights of Pythias are to be congratulated upon their successful efforts to secure a high-class entertainment for Hartford February 15.

## A Birthday Dinner.

On Sunday, Jan. 28, 1917, the relatives and friends gave Mr. Hiram Taylor a surprise dinner, that being his 66th birthday. It was indeed a great day. Everybody brought well filled baskets. Those present were Rich Taylor and family, Miss Mary Taylor, W. T. Brown and family, J. L. Moore and family, H. A. Taylor and family, Harmon Whitescarver and family, A. C. Berryman and family, Mr. Wash Brown, of Little Bend; Mr. Brub Elliott, Mrs. Eliza Kitchens, Mr. Goebel Taylor, Misses Ruby Benton, Elizabeth, Ruth and Mildred Taylor. 36 present. All report a very enjoyable time. Lots of good music. The young folks had an old fashioned game of base in the afternoon. One Present.

## COUNTY ASSESSMENT FOR 1917 FALLS OFF

The Assessor's return as of Sept. 1, 1916, for the year 1917 shows a total of \$4,474,290. The raises or increases by the County Board of Supervisors, lately adjourned, amount to a total of \$410,415, giving a grand total, as returned, of \$4,884,755. 6,386 poll tax payers were found, 6,980 school children and 1,563 dogs. The Assessor's return for the present year, compared with last year is short \$185,076, the Ohio County Board of Supervisors increases for this year exceed those of last year by \$90,035, which leaves a shortage of practically \$100,000.00 for present year.

## Wallace-Bradley.

Mr. Logan Bradley, of Hartford, and Miss Vera Wallace, of Cromwell, were united in marriage at the home of the bride Sunday, January 28. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Wallace. She is a most charming young lady, who possesses many friends. Mr. Bradley is a promising young farmer. The young people carry with them to their new home in Hartford the best wishes of a host of friends, after the wedding, supper was served to about seventy people.

## GIN AND CHEESE ARE FORCED TO "CHEESE IT"

New York, Jan. 30.—Thirty tons of merchandise consisting of Holland gin and Dutch cheese, part of a 300-ton cargo on the Dutch steamship Vulcanus, were thrown into the sea by orders of a German submarine commander when the ship was held up by a U-boat, December 27, off the English coast, according to officers of the Vulcanus on arrival here today.

The vessel was on her way from Rotterdam to Lisbon, Portugal, the officers said, when the submarine appeared. An officer came aboard and made a careful examination of the ship's manifesto. He passed everything that to his mind would be of no use to the enemy, but drew a sharp line on the gin and cheese, declaring them "contraband food-stuffs."

## TOBACCO DECISION REVERSED BY COURT

### JUDGE SETTLE GRANTS PLEA OF FRIEBURG TO COMPEL DELIVERY OF WEED.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 31.—The injunction sought by H. Frieberg, Incorporated, of Louisville, to compel C. P. McClary, of Louisville, to comply with his contract and deliver to him 1,200,000 pounds of tobacco, was granted to-day by Appellate Judge Settle.

Judge Settle granted an injunction for H. Frieberg, Incorporated, restraining Buckner, Gaston, Williams & Wigmore from receiving the tobacco from McClary.

Judge Settle heard the following statements upon which the injunction was granted. Frieberg alleged that he had bought 1,200,000 pounds of tobacco from McClary, and that McClary delivered to him less than 25,000 pounds, but instead sold the tobacco to J. M. Buckner, Gaston, Williams & Wigmore. He sought the injunction to require McClary to comply with his contract and another injunction to restrain Buckner, Gaston, Williams & Wigmore from receiving the tobacco, all of which was granted.

## Card of Thanks.

To those who so kindly ministered to us during the recent illness of our husband and father, Mr. J. P. Stevens, and for the kind words of sympathy after his death, we extend our most sincere and heartfelt thanks.

## WIFE AND CHILDREN.

### PICKS UP AND CARRIES TEN POUNDS OF NAILS IN A YEAR

Belleville, Ill., Jan. 27.—Attorney August Barthel has on hand a quantity of junk he will sell soon, probably. The junk consists principally of various kinds of nails he has picked up from the paved streets since the first of last January. In addition to the nails are a number of horse shoes studded with nails.

On the first of this year Attorney Barthel made a quiet resolution to himself to the effect that during the following twelve months he would pick up every nail and horseshoe he found on the streets, and then made the equally quiet guess that the junk he would thus collect would weigh ten pounds or more at the end of the year.

The attorney said his collection was beyond the ten pound mark and still going good.

"It is surprising the number of nails that find their way onto the paved streets," he said.

The attorney's observations have led him to the knowledge that there are certain streets on which more nails can be found than on others.

## SILK ONCE WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD

Two monks from the Indies arrived in Constantinople in the year 536, bringing with them silk worms and the knowledge which enabled them to teach the manufacture of silk. From the industry launched by those two monks and their assistants has sprung the factories in Europe and America devoted to the making of that fabric.

China, which boasts of being the birthplace of so many modern industries, was the original home of silk. In the year 2640 B. C. Seling-she, spouse of the Emperor Hwang-tse, is recorded as having been a patroness of the silk industry, encouraging the cultivation of the mulberry tree and the rearing of worms and reeling of silk. This Empress personally cared for large numbers of silk worms, and the Chinese affirm that she invented the first loom.

For centuries the Chinese jealously guarded the secret of silkmaking, but eventually knowledge of the art spread to Korea and thence to Japan, where the industry was established about the Third century of the present era. The art was carried thence to India, and finally reached Europe.

Wrought silk, the product of Indian and Persian looms, was brought to Greece in the Fourth century B. C., and that it was known in Rome in the time of Tiberius there is proof in the passing of a law prohibiting the wearing of silk by men, and declaring that it was "fit only for women." When silk had to be imported into Europe from Asia it was literally worth its weight in gold, and was sold by weight, a pound of silk for a pound of gold. At that period it was generally believed by Europeans that silk grew on trees.

The European industry spread slowly, and in the time of Charlemagne a gift by that ruler to another monarch of "two silken vests" was considered a display of lavish-

ness. In the Twelfth century the silk industry was established in Palermo, Sicily, and the Sicilians not only bred silk worms, but spun and wove silk. By the Sixteenth century silk was being made in Italy, France and Spain, and at the beginning of the Seventeenth century the industry was firmly established in England. James I. tried to introduce silk culture into Virginia, but the colonists were more interested in tobacco. In 1718 Louisiana took up the industry, and in 1732 it was commenced in Georgia. By 1749 the production in Pensacola on the Savannah river amounted to 1,000 pounds. In 1759 Connecticut took up the industry.

China still leads in silk production, although the actual amount is unknown, with Japan second. France is the greatest silk-producing center of Europe. In America the industry is largely centered in Paterson, N. J., where silk mills give employment to a large proportion of the city's inhabitants.

## SUGGESTED SITES IN TWO

### STATES TO BE INSPECTED

Washington, Jan. 30.—The Naval Board, which will inspect suggested sites for the \$11,000,000 armory plant probably will leave Washington late this week for their first investigation tour which will take them into West Virginia and Western Maryland. Rear Admiral Fletcher, head of the board, reported to Secretary Daniels Monday that tentative plans for a trip first to Alabama and Georgia had been changed because the members want to await an analysis of ores in the Alabama district before looking over the proposed sites in that section.

After the trip through West Virginia and Maryland the board probably will tour Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia, and later will inspect suggested locations in the Ohio Valley and Middle West. The claims of each section will be carefully sifted before those of another section are taken up, with the board spending several days in Washington between trips to digest the data gathered.

## LYCEUM COMPANY COMING UNDER K. OF P. AUSPICES

Under the auspices of the Hartford Lodge, Knights of Pythias, the Wales Entertainers will appear at the College Hall here Thursday evening, February 15.

Clare Vaughn, dramatic reader and impersonator, heads the company of six players giving new comedy drama, "Rejuvenation," written for lyceum presentation by Warner Harding. The play of the hour, in which a woman suffragist climbs to a position of power. Politics and clean, sharp comedy woven about the elixir tablet of eternal youth, whereby Mrs. Wales, from Grandma Courtwright of 80, grows younger by the stages of suffragist, society woman and debutante, to 20, bringing into play the entire gamut of emotions. Company carries own scenery, drawing room and office setting. Strictly professional cast, including Hobe S. Greenleaf, Comedian, and Ninata Mayne, who played leading roles with Wm. Owen Company.

Miss Willye Neely, who has appeared before Hartford audiences upon two previous occasions, will be with the Wales Company on their visit to this city in February and when that fact becomes generally known a crowded house is assured the fraternity men. Miss Neely, whose home is in Owensboro, is an entertainer of rare talent and was so well pleased with the receptions accorded here upon her former visits that she speaks of being delighted at the prospect of returning. It was thru her efforts that the Knights of Pythias were enabled to secure the date with the Wales Company.

The entertainers have about fulfilled their contracts in the North and will stop here while on a journey to the South where they will be engaged for several weeks in the principal cities of Dixieland.

## Lost Good Member.

The Ladies Rural Club of Washington are sad at heart over the loss of Mrs. Janie Wallace, one of their true and faithful members of their order, who has left us to make her home in Akron, Ohio. We, the Club, wish her much success and happiness in her new location.

## A MEMBER.

### Proper Reminder.

He was a rickety young man, and kept very late hours, but had now joined the Fusiliers and was ordered to the front, and on bidding farewell to his beloved he said to her.

"Darling, when I am far away wilt thou gaze at yon star every night and think of me?"

"I will, indeed, dearest," she replied. "If I needed anything to remind me of you I should choose that very star."

"Why?"

"Because it is out so very late at night and looks so pale in the morning."—Tit-Bits.



## Farm Department

### Control of Watermelon Stem-End Rot

Washington, D. C.—Watermelon stem rot results in a decay of the melon, at the stem end, which usually develops during transit to market. The investigations of the U. S. Department of Agriculture have shown that the cause is a fungus which is common in many southern fields or dead stalks of cotton, corn, and many weeds, as well as on decaying melons. The spores of this fungus are blown about by the wind and lodge on the moist cut end of the melon stem after it is severed from the vine, germinate, and grow into the melon, which often begins to decay within three days.

The experiments made last summer on several carloads of melons offer good hopes that this stem-end rot can be prevented. The methods recommended by the Department of Agriculture are as follows:

1. Cut and burn all weeds around the field and along ditch banks during the winter.
2. From the time that the melons set on the vines, all cut fruit should be hauled out of the field weekly and fed to hogs, or deeply buried. Wash the wagons used for hauling culls with a two per cent bluestone solution.
3. Spraying with bordeaux mixture for anthracnose will probably help control stem-end rot.
4. Laborers harvesting melons should never cut or touch a decayed melon.
5. Cut melons with long stems and load into cars with the least possible delay and with the utmost care in handling, to avoid bruising. Open car ventilators.
6. Most important of all, apply a paste made of common starch with six per cent bluestone to the freshly cut stems as the melons are being packed in the car. It has been found that disinfecting the stems at other times is less effective, as the paste is rubbed off by handling.

As the packer arranges the melons in tiers, have him place the stem ends outward, while a reliable boy cuts a section of the stem and applies a covering of paste with a small, round brush.

Freight cars that have contained decayed melons or yard refuse should be washed clean and sprayed with a two per cent bluestone solution.—U. S. Department of Agriculture.

What The Torrens System Is.

The Torrens system is a system of land title registration. Under it land titles are examined by a duly appointed and bonded official, who certifies to the court that they are good if found so. The title is then entered of record and a copy given to the owner of the land. After that all questions about the validity of the title, all looking up of old titles and old claims, all fear of unpaid notes or taxes, are done away with. Any claims against the land are entered of record alongside the title record where any man can see them. Sales are also recorded there. A transfer of land is made by the simple process of writing it on the back of the Torrens deed or certificate of ownership and turning that over to the purchaser.

Co-operation is the fundamental principle of collectivism, which, in serving the social community, ever serves the individual, for the simple reason that unity (co-operation) is far more potent for the common good because of its greater power for accomplishment, by reason of its greater strength and efficiency in the performance of those things which redound to the social and common good of the entire community. Therefore, we need co-operation. We need co-operation, not only in the building of good roads, but also in the organization of our schools for efficiency in educational methods and greater results in the acquirement of that knowledge which gives the enlightenment which illumines the pathway of life toward a greater civilization and a happier and wiser social order.

Good roads are of great practical utility and economy, because they save teams, vehicles, time and money, by the greater facility of transportation and marketing. Facility is required. Teams, etc., cost money and are a loss if worn out soon on bad roads. And vehicles soon wear out on rough, bad roads. Then, they too, are a loss because of poor roads. Besides saving teams, vehicles and time on good roads is equivalent to saving money. And the economy of good roads soon mounts up to thousands of dollars saved by the community, because it stops the waste of money used in having bad roads frequently "patched up." Moreover, travel on good roads is easy and pleasant. And, by reason of good traveling, better transportation and marketing, all at an opportune time for traveling, transporting and marketing, when transportation is cheap, easy and convenient on good roads,

tem is to make land titles certain and easy of transfer—to do away with land title litigation and the eternal and expensive search of records and making of abstracts which now cost landowners so much.

Of course, the man getting a Torrens title has to pay for it. The fee, however, need not be large, not much larger than the cost now of an examination of records and the making of an abstract. Laws establishing the system usually provide that the title fee shall be a certain per cent of the value of the land, and this prevents the charges on a small tract becoming too great.

If the Torrens system should be enacted into law, it is not likely that many people would go to the expense of getting a Torrens title unless there was some claim against their land which they felt would be set aside by a competent examiner. Men buying land would be likely, however, to insist on Torrens titles. Certainly they would if wise. Thus one after another the land titles of the state would definitely be determined for all time and disputes about boundaries, overlapping claims and disputed rights be done away with.

Certainly, this is a consummation devoutly to be desired.

There is a chance, too, that the system will be absolutely necessary to the successful working of the new farm loan law in this state. Certainly there are thousands of land titles now so clouded by uncertainty that the owners of the land will have little chance of getting money on it through the farm loan associations until the titles are cleared up. The new law is just one more reason why we should have the Torrens system.—Southern Agriculturist.

### Neglected Colds Grow Worse.

A cough that racks and irritates the throat may lead to a serious chronic cough, if neglected. The healing pine balsams in Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey—Nature's own remedy—will soothe and relieve the irritation, breathing will be easier, and the antiseptic properties will kill the germ which retarded healing. Have it handy for croup, sore throat and chronic bronchial affections. Get a bottle today. Pleasant to take. At all Druggists, 25c.

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and market prices are high, our farmers reap the benefits of good roads, cheap transportation, and high market prices for their products. Had own best contribute to all this by paying a tax for building good roads, rather than lose teams, time, vehicles, patience and profit? He certainly should—even if he has to help pay a bonded debt, for the building of good roads! Indeed, all things considered, with reference to the economy of good roads, it would be wisdom on his part to pay a tax to build permanent good roads. If not, why not?

Good roads are an indication of enlightenment, social progress, and public spirited people, living and laboring for an intelligent and progressive community.

It were better to have more of the social spirit that fosters the community life, than to have the selfish and sordid nature that injures all by its narrow selfishness and its contemptible selfishness.

Even the individual himself is greatly benefited (through and by good roads and society); because of the common good, which includes the good for each and every individual.

Now, this article may not suit some people; for it is written from the viewpoint of socialization, and is imbued with the social spirit (which ever abides with all collectivists for the common good), but men and brethren, let us have more of the social spirit that contributes to the good of all.

Let us assume a bonded debt for Ohio county to build good roads; for by so doing, we will enhance the value of our farms, benefit the community, beautify the country, economize our resources, enlarge our social horizon, have better social centers, better homes and build up prosperity for ourselves through the medium of better society, better schools and the economy of good roads!

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Tract No. 2.—Beginning at a stake on Barretts Ferry road, corner to the above tract; thence S. 53 1/2 W. 14 poles to a stake; thence S. 69 W. 42 1/2 poles to a stone, corner in the above tract; thence N. 1 1/2 W. 21 poles to a stake; another corner; thence S. 7 E. 44 poles to a stake; thence N. 33 W. 5 1/2 poles to a stake on Huffs Branch; thence with said branch as it meanders to the Barretts Ferry road; thence with the Barretts Ferry road to the beginning, containing about four acres, and being the same land upon which C. M. Smith lived at the time of his death and known as the home place, and same conveyed to him in the division of the estate of John T. Smith, Sr., and which deed of partition is of record in deed book 31, page 203, Ohio County Clerk's office. Each of said tracts to be sold subject to the homestead interests of the widow, Myrtle Smith, therein.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved security immediately after sale.

This, the—day of January, 1917.

OTTO C. MARTIN,  
Master Commissioner.  
M. L. Heavrin, Attorney.

2913

GLenn & Simmerman, Attorneys.

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL, THE SATURDAY EVENING POST AND THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN wish to secure the spare time of a man or woman to act as local representative in Hartford and vicinity, looking after the renewals of their many subscriptions in this section, and introducing these publications to new readers. Payment will be made in salary and commission. Previous experience is desirable but not essential. For details address, with references, Box 534, THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY, Independence Square, Philadelphia. 1712

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Ohio Circuit Court.  
Myrtle Smith, Admrx., Plaintiff,  
vs.  
John G. Smith, et al., Defendants.

Pursuant to a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court rendered at the November term, 1916, in the above cause, for the purpose of paying all just claims against the estate of C. M. Smith, deceased, and a distribution of the remainder among those entitled thereto, and for the purpose of paying the costs of the above styled action and the cost of this sale, I will offer for sale by public auction to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday, February 5, 1917, that being the regular term of the Ohio County Court, about the hour of one o'clock p. m., on a credit of six months, the following described property, to-wit:

Tract No. 1.—Beginning at a black oak, corner to R. C. Smith; thence N. 60 E. 38 1/2 poles to a stake on Barretts Ferry road; thence with said road N. 5 1/2 E. 23 poles; N. 30 W. 22 1/2; N. 1 E. 36 1/2 poles; N. 40 W. 32 poles to a stone, C. M. Smith's corner on said road; thence with his line S. 53 1/2 W. 14 poles to a stake; thence S. 69 W. 42 1/2 poles to a

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**HOTEL POWHATAN WASHINGTON D. C.**  
**HOTEL OF AMERICAN IDEALS**

In a city where good is abundant, the Powhatan needs little in the hearts of countrymen.

The Powhatan is refined, clean, and restful. Its location on Pennsylvania Avenue, 18th and H Sts., makes it a desirable hotel for business, pleasure, and social gatherings. The Powhatan attracts people of culture and refinement. It is in proximity to State, War, Navy Departments, also points of historical interest. The Powhatan is a hotel of the future.

The Powhatan offers with detached bath \$9.00 and up. Rooms with private bath, \$12.50. Write for booklet with CLIFFORD M. LEWIS, Manager.

The Powhatan is a hotel of the future. It is in proximity to State, War, Navy Departments, also points of historical interest. The Powhatan is a hotel of the future.

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## Wagons! Wagons! Wagons!

Before you buy you should examine our hand made farm wagons. They run lighter, are made of the very best material and last far longer than any machine made wagon you can buy no matter what price you pay.

We also do all kinds of Blacksmithing and Repairing, especially the hard jobs the other fellow can't do.

We also make a specialty of Horseshoeing and earnestly solicit your patronage in this line.

Respectfully yours,

### A.B. Row & Son

Centertown, Ky.

Thirty-five years experience in the shop.

## SHERIFF'S SALES

For State, County, School, Dog and State Road Tax for 1916.

Notice is hereby given that I, or one of my deputies, will on Monday, February 5, 1917, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m., at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio county, Kentucky, expose to public sale for cash in hand, the following described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay State, county, school dog and State road tax due thereon and unpaid, and the interest, penalty and costs thereon:

**Precinct No. 1—E. Hartford.**

Lee, E. M., 20 a. .... 7.57  
Lee, R. P., 15 a. .... 6.15

**Precinct No. 2—W. Hartford.**

Bash, Mrs. Mattie J., 1 town lot .... 7.15  
Davis, Mrs. J. E., 20 a. .... 3.83  
King, Daniel, 1 town lot .... 4.97  
Walker, R. D., 1 town lot .... 13.70

**Precinct No. 3—Bedla.**

Hoover, J. C., 165 a. .... 19.95  
Paris, Mrs. R. L., 1 town lot .... 5.30

**Precinct No. 4—Sulphur Springs.**

Ashby, H. M., 50 a. .... 9.00  
Daffron, D. C., 1 town lot .... 5.70

**Precinct No. 5—Magan.**

Neighbors, Mrs. Belle, 73 a. .... 13.73  
Taylor, L. E., 41 a. .... 4.75

**Precinct No. 6—Cromwell.**

Davis, V. D., 10 a. .... 4.49  
Embry, Postal, 37 1/2 a. .... 9.00

**Precinct No. 8—S. Rockport.**

Allen, E. D., 6 a. .... 5.79  
Beesley, W. T., 1 town lot .... 8.50  
Childers & Her, 153 a. .... 17.52  
Heck, Mrs. Nannie P., 1 town lot .... 4.55

**Precinct No. 9—S. Rockport.**

Layton, Mrs. J. R., 3 town lots .... 18.70  
Smith, John J., 1 town lot .... 7.23

**Precinct No. 10—Select.**

Brown, Mrs. Emery, 133 a. .... 8.06  
Decker, John, 1 a. .... 5.10  
Herr, Mrs. R. P., 1 town lot .... 9.35  
Maddox, Mrs. Cinderella, 32 a. .... 6.32

**Precinct No. 11—Horse Branch.**

Arnold, B. J., 137 a. .... 14.30  
Burden, Robert, 45 a. .... 12.07  
Daniel, Mrs. Nancy D., 50 a. .... 5.25  
Morris, Joe H., 15 a. .... 6.17  
Smith, L. D., 70 a. .... 9.69  
Wilson, J. H., 107 a. .... 14.27

**Precinct No. 12—Rosine.**

Clarke, Jerry, 125 a. .... 5.55  
Dobbs, Mrs. Sophia, 16 a. .... 2.43  
Hall Albert, 5 a. .... 4.33  
Reddish, Mrs. Hannah, 56 a. .... 4.20  
Sorrels, S. D., 3 a. .... 5.87  
Stewart, J. A. Jr., 72 a. .... 8.85  
Wright, Albert, 25 a. .... 5.80

**Precinct No. 13—Ansel's heirs, by Ernst Wilson, 30 a. and 50 a. .... 9.47**

**Precinct No. 14—W. Beaver Dam.**

Ament, Fabe, 1 town lot .... 6.16  
Williams, K. V., 1 town lot .... 11.45

**Precinct No. 15—McHenry.**

Cargal, Charles, for F. T. Cool, 1 town lot .... 5.70  
Fisher, Mrs. Jane A., 40 a. .... 5.33  
Hibbs, E. E., 1 town lot .... 7.05  
Hutchison, Mrs. Annie, 1 town lot .... 2.20  
Tichenor, S. J., 1 town lot and 3 town lots .... 65.93  
Wright, T. S., 1 town lot .... 5.70  
Wade, L. B., 1 town lot .... 3.95  
Yoham, Mrs. Bob, 75 a. and 1 town lot .... 12.40

**Precinct No. 16—Centertown.**

Allen & Hefflin, 1 town lot .... 7.98  
Hefflin, Cleve, 1 town lot .... 6.15

**Precinct 17—Smallhouse.**

Brown, J. W., 65 a. .... 6.28  
Elison, W. G., 25 a. .... 5.12

**Precinct No. 19—W. Fordsville.**

Whittier, Chas. H., 30 a. land and 1 town lot .... 10.19

**Precinct No. 20—Aetnaville.**

Evans, J. R., 150 a. .... 24.18  
Pryor, W. D., 4 1/4 a. .... 5.10

**Precinct No. 21—Shreve.**

Brown, G. R., 49 a. .... 5.10

**Precinct No. 22—Olaton.**

Daniel, B. C., 25 a. .... 7.22  
Miller, Mrs. J. M., 50 a. .... 6.65

**Precinct No. 23—Buford.**

Hinton, Mrs. E. A., 25 a. .... 3.12  
Mitchell, J. H., 50 a. .... 5.10  
Westerfield, W. A., .... 15.00

**Precinct No. 24—Bartlett.**

Gossett, B. W., by B. L. Gossett, Admr., 50 a. .... 5.25  
Hoover, E. J., 150 a. .... 6.50

**Precinct No. 25—Hefflin.**

Hatfield, Carl, 82 a. .... 12.13  
Kirk, J. E., 65 a. .... 3.84

**Precinct No. 26—Ceralvo.**

Bishop, E. K., 33 a. .... 6.87  
Everly, Mrs. Z. M., 35a. .... 3.84

**Precinct No. 27—Point Pleasant.**

Kirtley, E. S., 10 a. .... 6.53

**Precinct No. 29—Ralph.**

Evans, Delmer, 50 a. .... 7.90  
Norris, Cap., 4 a. .... 4.73  
Stevens, J. H., 43 1/4 a. .... 15.47

**Precinct No. 31—Herbert.**

Hoskins, W. H., 45 a. .... 4.75

**Precinct No. 32—Arnold.**

Bratcher, Blane, 1 a. .... 4.97  
Duvall, J. W., 7 a. .... 4.39  
Hill, Bill, 25 a. .... 6.17  
Keown, Mrs. S. E., 125 a. .... 3.83

Smith, Richard, 4 a. .... 3.95

**Precinct No. 34—Simmons.**

Hobby, John, 1 town lot .... 6.38  
Wright, W. B., 10 a. .... 9.23

**No. 35—Additional.**

Cooper, Ed., 1 town lot .... 13.15  
Fogle, Clyde, 2 town lots .... 7.30  
Fogle, S. O., 2 town lots .... 18.23  
Thomas, J. C., 60 a. .... 8.62

**No. 36—Non-Resident.**

Austin, Ed., 25 a. .... 8.07  
Butler, D. C., .... 9.50  
Brown, Mrs. Salie J., .... 2.30  
Hoover, C. O., 37 a. .... 5.25  
Harrison, Mrs. Naomi, 59a. .... 3.84  
Hunt, L. M., 37 1/2 a. .... 2.05  
Hardwick, Mrs. W. G., 1 town lot .... 18.70

**No. 37—Colored.**

Duncan, Washington, 1 town lot .... 4.70  
Ford, Gus, R., 1 a. .... 3.95  
Hocker, Vig, 1 a. .... 11.18  
Hines, Ann, 1 town lot .... 3.42  
Hawkins, Ida, 2 town lots .... 4.70  
Hines, Guy, 1 1/2 a. .... 5.10  
Jackson, Clara, 20 a. .... 2.55  
Kelley, A. J., 3 a. .... 5.10  
Nall, Edward, 1 a. .... 3.45  
Parks, Crit, 1 1/2 a. .... 6.85

**Phippis, James, by Bill Phipps, 1 town lot .... 5.19**

**Parks, William, 2 1/2 a. .... 6.15**

**Summey, Mrs. Mary, 59 a. .... 9.35**

**Tichenor, Ed., by Guy Hines, 1 acre .... 5.10**

**Taylor, C. T., 18 a. .... 8.62**

**Walker, Anthony, 2 a. .... 6.50**

**Listed By County Clerk.**

**Wells, E. L., 1 town lot .... 2.18**

**1914, 1915 and 1916 .... 2.18**

**S. O. KEOWN,**

**Sheriff of Ohio County.**

**For Bilious Attack.**

When you have a severe headache, accompanied by a coated tongue, loathing of food, constipation, torpid liver, vomiting of partly digested food and then bile, you may know that you have a severe bilious attack. While you may be quite sick there is much consolation in knowing that relief may be had by taking three of Chamberlain's Tablets. They are prompt and effectual. Obtainable everywhere.

**MUNICH WOMEN MUST NOT WEAR MEN'S CLOTHES**

Munich, Bavaria, Jan. 27 (via London, Jan. 28).—Munich's military authorities, the old-time Nemesis of too-startlingly-dressed women, have again stepped to the fore and have forbidden, under the penalty of police action, the "unnecessary wearing of men's clothes by women."

In Bavarian health resorts "attention-challenging imitations of peasant girl's costumes" also is under the official ban. This action is necessary because, according to the police, visitors at the resorts and especially women not taking part in the winter sports had adopted bloomer and similar costumes, "even wearing them to church."

**Something Good.**

Those who hate nasty medicine should try Chamberlain's Tablets for constipation. They are pleasant to take and their effect is so agreeable and so natural that you will not realize that it has been produced by a medicine. Obtainable everywhere.

**COST OF FOOD RISES 84 PER CENT SINCE WAR BEGAN**

London, Jan. 27.—The level of retail food prices has advanced eighty-four per cent since the war began, on twenty leading articles of daily use, according to the Board of Trade returns just issued. As compared with prices in December, 1915, they showed an average advance of twenty-nine per cent. The price of meat increased during the year by about twenty to twenty-five per cent. Potatoes were considerably more than double the price of a year earlier. Granulated sugar, eggs and cheese were dearer by forty per cent, thirty-five per cent and thirty per cent, respectively. For flour, bread, milk, butter, bacon and fish increases ranging from nineteen to twenty-seven per cent were recorded. The price of margarine advanced during the year by fourteen per cent. Tea alone, among the articles included in the returns, remained practically unchanged in price.

**CASTORIA**

**For Infants and Children**

**In Use For Over 30 Years**

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Frey*

## It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill."

I wish every suffering woman would give

### GARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

**Get a Bottle Today!**



### The YOUTH'S COMPANION

**Better Than Ever in 1915**

Then the Family Page, a rare Editorial-Page, Boys' Page, Girls' Page, Doctor's Advice, and "a ton of fun," Articles of Travel, Science, Education. From the best minds to the best minds, the best the world can produce for you and everyone in the home. There is no age limit to enthusiasm for The Youth's Companion.

**52 Times a Year — not 12.**

More good reading than you will get in any of the monthly magazines.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN AND YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOTH ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$2.75.

**Three Current Issues Free**

If you do not know THE COMPANION let us send you Three Current Issues FREE. Inclose this Coupon with your request.

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The picture on the back is a good likeness of the author and his wife.

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## JUDGE AND PARSON LET PROGRAM CONFLICT

### TWO COUPLES MARRIED IN HARTFORD AT PRACTICAL- LY THE SAME TIME.

"I pronounce you man and wife," said Judge Wilson, about 2:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and as if an echo, "I pronounce you man and wife," said Rev. B. W. Napier, but neither heard the other for the judge was in his office at the court house and the "Parson" was in the parlors of the Commercial Hotel. A few minutes later Mr. Willie Cox and his newly made better half, in the highest stage of ecstasy, tipped down the court house steps. About the same time Mr. J. H. Ridgeway and his bride, no less buoyant, were descending the steps of the Commercial Hotel.

When did it happen before? Two weddings in the little city of Hartford, with only a street separating the scenes and the ceremonies performed at the same time. The Judge looked out the window; the "Parson" did likewise. Each thought he carried the honors of the day, but when they saw, they knew, and when the Republican representative called at the County Judge's office they had got together and were talking it over. Of course, one being a "parson" it couldn't be done in Kentucky, but what promised at first to develop into a bitter rivalry had dwindled, and arisen to congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Cox, the latter being Miss Amanda Trull before her marriage, reside at Simmons. They are of prominent families and returned to Simmons immediately after the ceremony. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. William McDaniel.

Before facing Rev. Napier Mrs. Ridgeway was Miss Sallie Gabbert. Mr. and Mrs. Ridgeway were accompanied to Hartford by Mr. Lester Wright and Miss Fannie Gabbert, sister to the bride. They returned to Pleasant Ridge after the wedding where they will reside.

#### The Golden Rule.

Be kind to the horse. Don't berate him because he does something which should not have been done. Perhaps he had the right motive, but in his dumb way was unable to express it. Perhaps he wanted to help you, possibly he meant no evil, though outwardly he seemed perverse and stubborn. Give him credit for at least trying to be good, for there are few horses which are naturally bad.

Many persons take it for granted that when a horse does wrong he intended to do so, and they therefore punish him for it. Now this action only aggravates the matter, and if continued will result in an incorrigible animal, made so solely from mistreatment by his master. This explains why some horses are bad.

The best policy is to be kind to the horse. Remember that he is a dumb animal. Don't expect as much understanding from him as you expect of men. Remember that of all the animals which aid men, the horse is the most useful. Give him credit for that. Don't punish him for all the wrongs he does, for possibly they are not so intended. Try to put yourself in his place, and don't forget that he is a slave.

Be kind to him, and see for yourself if your work does not proceed more smoothly than ever before. Follow the Golden Rule and treat your horse as you would wish him to treat you if your positions were reversed. Investigate for one and you will never say again that kindness doesn't pay.—Our Dumb Animals.

#### \$60,000,000 For Roads.

There is a movement in Illinois in behalf of a bond issue of \$60,000,000 for the construction of hard roads. It is stated that the programme contemplated would put Illinois up to fourth position among the States within a decade, leaving New York, California and Massachusetts ahead as road builders.

France, which is about one-seventh the area of the United States, has spent \$600,000,000 in original construction of public roads, and spends—in normal times—only 3 per cent of the amount of the investment in annual upkeep.

If the United States is to take position among the good roads countries of the world it will be necessary to spend about seventeen times as much as France has spent—making no allowance for the greater cost of labor in America—which would be \$10,200,000,000.

The proposed investment of \$60,000,000 in Illinois would be a drop in the bucket. Investments already made in States not among the leading road-making States in the Union are negligible in comparison with what might be spent if America is to realize the benefits of a comprehensive system of really good roads.

We have not learned how to main-

tain macadam roads at an annual outlay of 3 per cent of original cost in America. Possibly unscientific, and often dishonest, construction is to blame partly for the far too great cost of maintenance in this country. We need, as a beginning, to learn to make roads as they should be made. The knowledge is possessed, of course, by a limited number of engineers, but is not possessed and supplied generally. Had we as well-built roads as those of France we might get the maintenance cost down to something like 3 per cent. It would be a disaster to invest in good roads to the extent that France has invested in them before learning how to keep them in condition at far less expense than is estimated generally, and exceeded often, in America.

In the present state of road making in America maintenance means frequent resurfacing. In France it means constant attention to small damage and constant application of small repairs. The danger in a country so wealthy as America is that an enormous outlay for original construction may be made under plans that do not provide first-class construction and to entail an inordinate annual maintenance cost. If we could learn to keep our roads up at 3 per cent of their cost annually we could afford to outdo France in building hard roads. Until we learn to keep down maintenance cost, by improving the quality of construction by the use of the patrol system and by the elimination of "squeeze," we cannot compete with France in the matter of the completeness of the system of improved roads.—Courier-Journal.

#### Why The Tail?

In reply to a question, Mr. Ernest Thompson Seton has this to say in the December Guide to Nature:

It would take eleven large volumes to discuss the functions of a quadruped's tail. It is commonly believed that the original ancestor of quadrupeds was aquatic and used its tail for a sculling ear; but since then it has taken countless different additional forms,—in the giraffe and the elephant as a fly-flapper; in the South American monkeys as a fifth hand; in the alligator as a tail; in the skunk as a warning to enemies, the same in the rattlesnake; in the flying squirrel as a helm for volplaning; in the gray squirrel as a parachute to break a dangerous fall; in the whitetail deer as a signal to the young ones; in the porcupines as a dangerous weapon of offense; in the fox as a muffler for the feet in cold weather. In the cat its service is not very obvious, but it seems to be used as a directive mark when signaling one of its kind from behind; this is achieved partly by the color pattern and partly by the nervous twist of the tip. These are only a few of the uses which occur to me and each illustrates another development of the tail. I would add that in the beaver it is used as a plunging paddle in diving, as well as a signal sounder.

#### A Dead Loss.

Mrs. Hartley had for her cook a pompous young mulatto named Julius. One Monday morning Julius went about his work with a most lugubrious countenance. When Mrs. Hartley inquired as to the cause he answered dolefully:

"I'm mighty misfortunate, ma'am; that's what it is. You see, it was like this: I went to church last night, and when they come round for the collection I give a quarter. Yes'm, that's what I thought. Then when I put my hand in my pocket again I found out I had made a mistake and put that \$5 gold piece you gave me in the basket. Five dollars!"

"Well, of course, Julius, that is a good deal," said Mrs. Hartley, sympathetically, "but don't feel too sorry about it. Just think how much good that money may do!"

"Yes'm, it ain't that; but you can't fool the Lord. He knows I only wanted to give a quarter. He won't write down in His book 'Julius one quarter.' That four dollars and seventy-five cents sure is a dead down in black and white, 'Julius, give five dollars.' No'm; He will put loss."

#### Envelopes Go Up.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Increase in the price for all stamped envelopes, effective February 1, was announced to-day by the Post-office Department. The raise was made necessary by the increased cost of paper and the use of more and better material. The increases average 43 cents per thousand envelopes.

Upon some classes of envelopes the increase will go into effect only after old stocks are sold.

Post-offices throughout the country soon will be supplied with stamped "window" envelopes, with part of the address side transparent, which heretofore have been unavailable. The department decided to put on sale this class of envelopes as a means of enabling commercial concerns to do away with addressing as well as stamping.

#### HEADS ODDLY STRUNG

(By J. H. Thomas.)

Judge R. C. Tutor, of Somerset, who announced just after the election of 1915 he would be a candidate, on a State-wide platform, for the Republican nomination for Governor at the 1919 primary, has moderated his political aspirations and announced for Judge of the Pulaski County Court.

When we learned a woman would be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Superintendent of Ohio County schools we made up our mind to demonstrate our faith in equal suffrage by supporting her, but now that we are advised there will be two female candidates we will support one of them and have our wife to vote for the other one.

A few more warm days, like those early in this week, would have tempted the fishing worms to the surface, and McFluke's column would have taken a vacation to the mouth of Grassy creek.

We are curious to know why the dozen or so candidates for Jailor do not come forward with their announcements.

We want to announce that the writer of these paragraphs isn't that other J. H. Thomas, who is a "dickens" of a mean Democrat.

We ask unanimous consent to nominate Clem Moxley for Surveyor for life.

Most anybody can collect taxes or feed prisoners, but we hope the Republicans will nominate a man for County Judge who has grey matter in his head, starch in his backbone and sand in his craw.

We have not consulted the other fellows about it, but it is our candid opinion that Jim Boling is the best man the Republicans could nominate for Magistrate in the Sulphur Springs district.

The Narrows people have not worried the County Farm Demonstrator much about farmwork but if he is up-to-date on fishing they would like a visit from him.

If the summer crop of tobacco equals the crop grown around the village grocery stores, while the recent snow was on, chewing and spitting will be cheaper next year.

Al, it looks like all was lost. We can't ride on a pass anymore.

If the Kentucky Legislature does pass an anti-shipping law it will be good to live on the Owensboro branch line where we can just go after it. We are bantering Tins for a house-swap.

#### FORDSVILLE ITEMS.

Jan. 31.—There is quite a good deal of sickness in town at this writing.

Mrs. Josephine Rogers, who has been very sick for several weeks, is now improving.

Mrs. J. L. Denton is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. D. M. Jones entertained the young folks Saturday night with a rook party. All report a very pleasant time.

Miss Gladys Hines, of Owensboro, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. O. L. Shultz from Saturday until Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Lloyd, who was operated on in Louisville and then brought here to the home of her mother, Mrs. Rogers, is getting along very nicely.

Aunt Rachel Johnson is very low at this writing.

Druggist J. D. Cooper has sold out to Mr. Joe Bennett, of Cairo, Ill.

The play, "The Old Maids' Convention," given Friday night at the College Hall, was largely attended and proved a success. Proceeds went for the benefit of the hall.

#### Turks Change Calendar.

Amsterdam, Jan. 30.—A Constantinople dispatch to Reuters says that the Turkish Parliament, on the recommendation of the Government, has formally adopted the Gregorian calendar.

The Mohammedan calendar, used up to the present in Turkey, was based on the changes of the moon and consisted of a year of twelve lunar months commencing in the Gregorian July.

#### Smoking Room For Women.

Convinced that womankind has taken the cigarette unto herself for keeps, the Ritz-Carlton Hotel has added its quota to female comfort by opening a cigarette shop, which will be labeled the "Humidor," opposite the team room beneath the main floor, says the New York Herald.

There the fair nicotine seeker may

choose her own brand of smoke without contact with rude men, and she may write a letter while she inhales the aroma of some gold-tipped Turkish brand. Until recently the room was given over to trade, in the guise of a broker's office. But Albert Keller, the manager of the hotel, determined that women needed a quiet and secluded smoking room all to themselves.

Smoking for women, of course, will not be confined to the "Humidor" at the Ritz. For a long time the place has been theirs so far as indulging in a cigarette goes. They may smoke in any of the dining-rooms in the hotel. But they may now buy their cigarettes personally without sending a waiter into the cafe for them.

#### 97 APPLY FOR COMMON SCHOOL DIPLOMAS

At the examination held last Friday and Saturday, for Common School Diplomas, there were 24 applicants at Beaver Dam, 12 at Maggan, 23 at Fordsville and 38 at Hartford. So far we have not been able to find out just how many passed or made the required grade for graduation certificates.

#### FRENCH HONOR DOG HEROES

Four-Footed Soldiers Doing Work That Men Could Not.

The French orders of the day now frequently pay tribute to the heroism of France's four-footed soldiers. For France's army of dogs are doing brave work—work that a man could not possibly do.

They serve as sentinels, patrol scouts and liaison agents or messengers. And they are recruited like men are. A force of a dozen is gathered and sent to this army corps, a score is sent to another corps. A lot of one hundred was sent to the government by the farmers of South France.

These dogs are the short-haired, wolf-like shepherds of the French farms—stumpy, bony, thin, steel muscled and spiky haired animals. And yet, despite their unkempt, savage look, they are the oldest race of dogs, specialized back into the mists of time—the true and fighting guardians of the flocks of Europe's peasantry.

Mewor No. 6, one of these dog heroes, won a citation in the orders of the Tenth Army Corps October 8. He was dispatched to carry an order from one brigade to another, a distance of one and one-fourth miles, under fire. He was struck by a scrap of shell in the last 200 yards of his trip, but dragged himself to the commanding post, where he died fifteen minutes later.

Gendarme, a mongrel looking beast, doing sentry duty with a police named Durand in the Vosges hills, detected the approach of a German patrol and enabled Durand to call for re-enforcements. The entire German patrol was bagged, solely through the dog's intelligence.

The liaison dogs have become mighty factors in the great artillery struggle now going on. Liaison means linking, and these dogs are sometimes the only links between sections of the French army. During bombardments, and when a curtain of fire is falling, these liaison dogs are sent with messages and they get through when a man could not.

But now and then they do not get through, and occasionally when they do it is at the cost of their lives. So perished Follette 11 B, also mentioned in orders of the day. She was sent through a curtain of fire and had to go a mile to reach her destination. She was fatally wounded when half way through, but continued on and delivered her message.

#### Parisians Use Dummies

Paris, Jan. 30.—Parisians have already figured out one way to beat the new rule for restaurants which limits customers to two dishes. Overhungry or fastidious eaters will take a stool pigeon into the restaurant with them.

Each will order two plates, but the stool pigeon will pass his food to the real consumer when the latter finishes what he ordered. It is expected the decoys will be recruited from among the Paris guides, who have little business now, since most of the sporting resorts are closed. These youths will stand outside the restaurants and accompany any person inside for a small fee.

Did you hear that Jiggs was killed while traveling in Kentucky?"

"No. How was he killed?"

"In a feud."

"And I always told him not to ride in those cheap cars."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A man of an inquiring turn of mind thrust his fingers into a horse's mouth to see how many teeth it had, and the horse closed his mouth to see how many fingers the man had.

The curiosity of each was fully satisfied.—Our Dumb Animals.

## CARSON & CO.'S Lower Prices Better Hurry!

You have yet a long time to use and enjoy our nice Coats. Coat Suits and Furs.

We are now offering Ladies' and Children's Coats at less than what they cost.

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|                         |          |         |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Regular price, \$ 4.00. | Now..... | \$ 2.50 |
| Regular price, \$ 5.00. | Now..... | \$ 3.50 |
| Regular price, \$ 6.00. | Now..... | \$ 4.25 |
| Regular price, \$ 8.50. | Now..... | \$ 6.00 |
| Regular price, \$10.00. | Now..... | \$ 6.75 |
| Regular price, \$12.00. | Now..... | \$ 8.75 |
| Regular price, \$15.00. | Now..... | \$11.25 |
| Regular price, \$20.00. | Now..... | \$14.75 |

#### Children's Coats

|                         |          |         |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Regular price, \$ 3.00. | Now..... | \$ 1.75 |
| Regular price, \$ 4.00. | Now..... | \$ 2.25 |
| Regular price, \$ 5.00. | Now..... | \$ 3.50 |
| Regular price, \$ 6.00. | Now..... | \$ 4.25 |
| Regular price, \$ 8.50. | Now..... | \$ 6.00 |
| Regular price, \$10.00. | Now..... | \$ 6.75 |

#### Ladies' Coat Suits

|  |         |
|--|---------|
| LOT NO. 1—Three suits, sizes 14 and 16, choice for.....                        | \$ 3.50 |
| LOT NO. 2—Two suits, at choice.....  | \$ 6.75 |
| LOT NO. 3—Six suits, ranging in price from \$16.00 to \$17.00, choice for..... | \$10.00 |

Also see Carson & Co.'s line of FURS before buying elsewhere.

## Carson & Co.

Hartford, Ky.

#### "ARIZONA CHARLIE" GONE

Crazed By Death of Bride, He Tries Southwest Wilds.

El Paso, Tex.—They have taken "Arizona Charlie" away. No more will trans-continental tourists catch a glimpse of the bent, grizzled old man trudging along the lonely tracks on the desert as they flash by. He was one of the best known characters of the Southwest.

Twenty years ago "Arizona Charlie" was an engineer on the Southern Pacific. One day at the end of his run he got word that his bride of a few months had been killed in a train wreck. A broken rail had caused the wreck. He resigned and began walking the tracks over the 500-mile stretch of desert between Yuma and El Paso, looking for broken rails. With a blanket and a frying pan slung over his shoulder he has tramped his beat winter and summer for twenty years, reporting defects in the track to the nearest section house. He has never ridden on a train since his wife was killed.

Nearly every tourist over the Southwestern route has seen "Arizona Charlie." Conductors and Pullman porter always pointed him out as the train sped past, leaving him a speck in the desert.

Of late years the old man has become feeble and now the Cochise county court has adjudged him insane and committed him to the State asylum.

#### Tobacco Factory Songs.

The singing of the negroes is a great feature of the stemming department in a tobacco factory. Some of the singers become locally famous; also I was told by the superintendent (of a Richmond, Va., factory), they become independent, and for that reason have frequently to be dismissed.

The wonderful part of the singing, aside from the fascinating harmonies made by the sweet, untrained negro voices, is the utter lack of prearrangement that there is about it. Now there will be silence in the loft; then there will come a strange, half savage cry from some dark corner, musical, yet seemingly meaningless; presently a faint humming will begin and will be taken up by men and women all over the loft; the humming will swell into a chant to which the workers rock as their black hands travel swiftly among the brown leaves; then, presently, it will

die away, and there will be silence until the workers are again moved to song.

From shadowy room to shadowy room, past great dark bins filled with the leaves, past big, black, steaming vats, oozing sweet smelling substances; past moist, fragrant barrels; always among the almost spectral forms of negroes, treading out leaves with bare feet, working over great wicker baskets stained to tobacco color, piling up wooden frames, or operating the powerful hydraulic presses which convert the soft tobacco into plugs of concrete hardness—so one goes on through the factory. The browns and blacks of these interiors are the browns and blacks of etching; the color of the leaves, the old dark timbers, the black faces and hands, and the ragged clothing, combined with the humming of negro voices, the tobacco fragrance, and the golden dust upon the air, make an indescribably complete harmony of shade, sound and scent.—Julian Street, in Collier's Weekly.

#### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

#### POND RUN NEWS.

Jan. 29.—Miss Carrie Southard left Saturday to go to school in Bowling Green.

Miss Ethel Don Robertson left Monday to visit her aunt, Mrs. A. F. Shull in Crossville, Ill.

Mr. W. H. Tomerlin is able to be out again after an attack of rheumatism.

Mr. J. Dudley Ford closed a very successful school at No. 19 Friday. We all regret to give Mr. Ford up. He will always be welcome in No. 19.

Mrs. Payton, of Wysox, is visiting her son, Mr. Archie Payton and family.

Mr. Corba Fulton visited his sister, Mrs. Eva Fulkerson at Ceralvo Saturday night and Sunday.

Miss Vera Miller, of Hopewell, left Saturday for Bowling Green, where she will enter school.

Mr. Marvin Ross had to give up going to school at Beaver Dam to stay with his mother and sister.

Mrs. Oscar Wade and children, of Cedar Grove, spent Saturday night and Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Alford Robinson.

Miss Altha Robinson, Ruth and Beulah Graham and Margaret D. Tomerlin visited Cedar Grove school Tuesday afternoon.